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A COMPUTER PROGRAM
FOR QUICKLY ANALYZING
ELECTRIC PROPULSION MISSIONS

by Alfred C. Mascy

Office of Advanced Research and Technology

Mission Analysis Division

Moffett Field, Calif. 94035

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A COMPUTER PROGRAM FOR QUICKLY ANALYZING

ELECTRIC PROPULSION MISSIONS

Alfred C. Mascy

Office of Advanced Research and Technology Mission Analysis Division Moffett Field, California 94035

SUMMARY

A computer program is described that is capable of determining the performance and system requirements of electrically propelled spacecraft in combination with specific launch vehicles and high-thrust upper stages. The formulation of the logic and optimization techniques are described as well as the functional relationships that define the characteristics of the high- and low-thrust systems. The several output formats, including a plot option, are illustrated, and complete descriptions of all input and output parameters and a program listing in Fortran IV are given. The input is simplified by use of colloquial variables. Example problems are provided which depict the usage of the various options available to the user. These options include:

Planet orbiters or flybys Launch to parking orbit or direct to escape Built-in stable of launch vehicles or specified by input High- or low-thrust Earth departure High- or low-thrust planet arrival Optimum or constrained power Optimum or constrained thrust time Optimum or constrained hyperbolic velocities Optimum (α = f(P)) or constrained propulsion system specific mass All-ballistic high-thrust comparisons Three output formats, including graphical

The program is quite accurate in simulating entire missions and can define their requirements very quickly due to the short execution times, which range from 0.1 second to 0.5 second, on an IBM 360-50 (0.05 to 0.25 on IBM 7094, 0.02 to 0.1 on IBM 360-75) depending on the option selected. Convergence is guaranteed.

INTRODUCTION

As the national space program progresses, there is growing interest in performing missions that have greater propulsive energy requirements than those performed to date. One method of accomplishing such missions is through the use of electric propulsion. The analysis of the performance and system requirements for this type of advanced propulsion has in the past

centered on detailed trajectory studies (ref. 1). The computation of optimized low-thrust trajectories is complicated by the requirement for integration of the equations of motion and the solution of the subsequent boundary-value problem with concomitant optimization of the system parameters. More than 50 attempts have been made over the years to develop low-thrust trajectory and mass-computation programs that ease this computer-time-consuming problem (ref. 2).

The slow execution speeds of most of these programs have excluded their use in investigating wide ranges of variables necessary to identify commonality in mission and system characteristics. Many programs are quite inflexible and do not allow study of interesting options such as constrained power level and contrained thrusting time, or various departure and arrival modes. The program described in this paper evolved from an effort to produce a useful low-thrust mission-analysis tool of acceptable accuracy and compute time that would be applicable to a range of problems.

The computer program defines the performance and system requirements of electrically propelled unmanned planet-orbiter and flyby missions using existing launch vehicles for the Earth launch phase, and high-thrust upper stages or low-thrust spiral maneuvers for Earth-departure and planet-arrival phases. The characteristics of the launch vehicles and high-thrust stages may be specified in lieu of the built-in values. The electric propulsion system may be completely optimized, or may be constrained in power level, thrusting time, propulsion system specific mass, or departure and arrival velocities. Rather than integrate the low-thrust trajectory, functional relationships for the energy requirements of precomputed optimum trajectories obtained from accurate computer programs are stored within the code (refs. 3, 4). Curve-fitting procedures have been used in defining the energy parameters as a function of time and hyperbolic excess velocity at Earth departure and planet arrival. A method of system optimization based on the near invariance of certain parameters with system variables was found to be quite accurate. Low-thrust and high-thrust planetocentric operations are expressed analytically, and their velocity is matched with the heliocentric phase. Correlation with exact trajectory data is excellent, and the computer times are less than a second per fully optimized case.

Most important are the fail-safe and user-convenience features of the code. Convergence is assured on any case that has a solution. On all other cases, the code repairs any damage to its logic and proceeds to the next input case. This facilitates the running of numerous cases with large ranges in parameters. Also, much effort has been expended in developing the program with the lay user in mind. The input has been simplified through the use of colloquial variables such as the proper names of launch vehicles and planets, and the straightforward spelling of parameters to indicate their function such as MODE = FLYBY, ARRIVE = HIGH, LAUNCH = ESCAPE. The Fortran IV program coding has been kept relatively simple so that the logic flow may be followed easily and changed to suit a user's particular needs. The program is being sent to the regional dissemination center, COSMIC, located at the University of Georgia, for general availability.

ANALYSIS

The definition of the performance and system requirements of an unmanned interplanetary space mission involves the apportionment of stage masses at each phase such that maximum payload may be delivered for a given launch weight and given constraints. The problem complexity increases when one of these stages is electrically propelled, for it is then necessary to properly mate both high- and low-thrust systems having markedly different characteristics. The optimization of the various stage and system parameters has generally required many iterations involving time-consuming low-thrust trajectory integration. To provide a computational tool for electric-propulsion mission analysis of sufficient speed to allow broad coverage of cases, the low-thrust trajectories have been precomputed and stored within the program described herein. The data, ready for instant recall, is stored in the form of functional relationships between the trajectory parameters $J = \int a^2 dt$, coast time, operating time, and initial and final velocities. Since J is a good indicator of energy requirements, the minimization of this parameter over the planetocentric and heliocentric phases will yield the optimum apportionment of the operating times within these phases. The energy parameter J is heavily time-dependent and is additive over the phases:

$$J_{T} = J_{D} + J_{H} + J_{C} \tag{1}$$

where

$$J_T = f(T_T)$$

$$J_D = f(T_D)$$

$$J_H = f(T_H)$$

$$\dot{J}_C = f(T_C)$$

and subscripts:

- T total
- D departure
- H heliocentric
- C capture

The program thus minimizes the summation of J_T while seeking the best division of the total mission time among the various phases. The description of this problem solution will proceed in the order in which the code handles each phase.

Launch

Since most analyses of unmanned interplanetary missions begin on the launch pad, the characteristics of a stable of 11 presently conceived or operational launch vehicles have been built into the program. The characteristics of these vehicles, an example of which is shown in figure 1, are

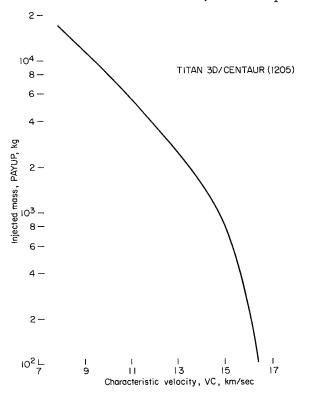


Figure 1.- Example of built-in launch vehicle characteristics.

stored in 16 valued tables of PAYUP (payload mass of vehicles, kg) versus VC (characteristic velocity of vehicle, km/sec). The stored values of the selected launch vehicles may be found in subroutine DPART. If the analyst desires to use a vehicle that is not in storage, he need only input the tabular values of PAYUP and VC (a maximum of 16 values each). The convention adopted in this study is that all launch vehicles attain at least low circular orbit speed so that the initial values in the tables should correspond to low Earth orbit conditions.

If the launch vehicle is to place its payload into a parking orbit (LAUNCH = PARK), the input parameters of the parking orbit (RP1 and EPSD) are used to calculate the required characteristic velocity, VC. Since the performance of the vehicles are stored with minimum requirements starting in low Earth orbit, all launch velocities computed internally are additive to circular velocity,

7.75 km/sec, at 185-km (100-n.mi.) altitude. The velocity requirement to transfer from the 185-km circular orbit to the trajectory that will coast to the specified orbit perigee (RP1) is given by:

$$V1 = \sqrt{\frac{GM}{A_{12}} \left(\frac{1 + \epsilon_{12}}{1 - \epsilon_{12}} \right)} - 7.75$$
 (2)

where

GM $39.86 (10^4 \text{ km}^3/\text{sec}^2)$

 A_{12} semimajor axis of transfer orbit = $\frac{RG}{2}$ (RP1 + 1.029)

 ε_{12} eccentricity of transfer orbit = $\frac{RP1 - 1.029}{RP1 + 1.029}$

The velocity requirement to establish the desired parking orbit at the radius RP1 is given by:

$$V2 = \sqrt{\frac{GM}{A_D} \left(\frac{1 + EPSD}{1 - EPSD} \right)} - \sqrt{\frac{GM}{A_{12}} \left(\frac{1 - \varepsilon_{12}}{1 + \varepsilon_{12}} \right)}$$
 (3)

where

EPSD eccentricity of desired orbit

 A_D semimajor axis of desired orbit = $\frac{(RG)RP1}{1.0 - EPSD}$

RG radius of Earth

The total velocity required of the launch vehicle is:

$$VC = 7.75 + V1 + V2$$

The code then enters the tabular values of VC using a second-order interpolation to determine exact values of launch vehicle payload, BOOSTL.

If the launch vehicle is to place its payload unto an escape trajectory (LAUNCH = ESCAPE), the required velocity is simply:

$$VC = \sqrt{(VINF1)^2 + 2(7.75)^2}$$
 (4)

where VINF1 is the departure velocity either constrained by input of VA or left for program optimization. The code then determines the payload (BOOSTL) from the appropriate launch vehicle tabular values.

Depart

When the launch vehicle is used to place its payload into a parking orbit (LAUNCH = PARK), the user should indicate his choice of departure stage thrust level by input. Departure from orbit via a high-thrust rocket (DEPART = HIGH) requires the calculation of the energy and performance based on the stage and orbital characteristics. The velocity increment required of the system is:

$$\Delta V = \sqrt{(VINF1)^2 + \frac{2(GM)}{RP1(RG)}} - \sqrt{\frac{GM}{A_D} \left(\frac{1 + EPSD}{1 - EPSD}\right)}$$
 (5)

The payload ratio of the high-thrust system is given by:

$$DEPL = \frac{BOOSTL - WFUEL - WINERT}{BOOSTL}$$
 (6)

WFUEL
$$\left\{1 - \exp\left[\frac{-\Delta V}{DISP(0.00981)}\right]\right\} BOOSTL$$

WINERT DINERT + DSIGMA[WFUEL]

DINERT input fixed stage weight

DSIGMA input tankage fraction

DISP input specific impulse

For internal accounting purposes, the high-thrust departure payload ratio is set equal to 1 whenever LAUNCH = ESCAPE, since the departure stage is part of the launch vehicle.

With DEPART = LOW, the code will simulate a low-thrust sprial escape of Earth from the designated parking orbit. The method of describing the spiral escape maneuvers uses expressions developed by Edelbaum (ref. 5) on the basis of the work of Breakwell and Rauch (ref. 6), and considers the asymptotic matching of the planetocentric and heliocentric trajectories that are under the influence of both the Sun and the Earth. The low-thrust characteristic velocity increment under optimal steering during planet escape is given by:

$$\Delta V = V - 1.84V \left[\frac{A_0 A_D A_D}{(GM) \mu_1} \right]^{1/4}$$
 (7)

where

 $A_{O} \qquad \text{initial acceleration} = \frac{C(1 - \mu_{1})}{T_{D}}$

V parking orbit velocity

μ₁ departure phase mass ratio

C exhaust velocity of system

 $\mathbf{T}_{D} \qquad \text{departure time}$

The low-thrust system is assumed to operate continuously during the spiral escape, therefore, T_D is the powered time. The final mass ratio for this maneuver is:

$$\mu_1 = \exp\left(\frac{-\Delta V}{C}\right)$$
 (8)

and the energy parameter $J = \int a^2 dt$ for constant-thrust planet departure is given by:

$$J_{D} = \left(\frac{A_{O}^{2}}{\mu_{1}}\right) T_{D} \tag{9}$$

from which it follows that for a given orbit J_D is simply a function of C and T_D . Further, it can be shown that the influence of exhaust velocity on J_D is very slight and is herein calculated for a fixed value of C. Hence, the departure phase is described by:

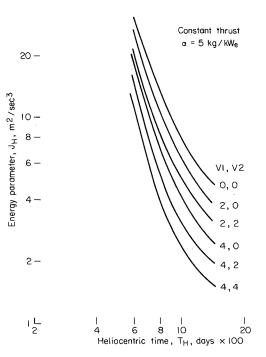
$$J_D = f(T_D)$$

 T_D = departure time = powered time

which will be used in the minimization of total J_T for the electric-propulsion system optimization. Again, for internal accounting purposes, the high-thrust departure payload ratio is set equal to 1 whenever DEPART = LOW.

Mode

The low-thrust heliocentric phase is the next stage of the analysis and may be either a flyby (MODE = FLYBY) or an orbiter (MODE = ORBIT). Under the flyby mode, the spacecraft is assumed to traverse an optimum heliocentric travel angle and to pass within the vicinity of the target planet with an



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Figure 2.- Example of actual low-thrust performance stored in program for planet Jupiter.

unconstrained approach velocity. Orbiter spacecraft are assumed to traverse an optimum travel angle and to apply some braking propulsion such that a useful payload may be placed in a specified orbit about the target planet. To avoid the time-consuming problem of trajectory integration at each step of the optimization within this program, the low-thrust trajectories for a range of mission times and initial and final velocities have been precomputed using accurate programs (see fig. 2) and the data have been stored in the form of the following relationships:

$$\ln J_{H} = A + B \ln T_{H}$$

+ $(\ln T_{H})^{2} \left[C_{O} + C_{1} (V_{1} + V_{2})^{C_{3}} \right]$ (10)

and powered time

$$T_{HP} = DT_{H}^{E} \tag{11}$$

where the constants A, B, C, D, and E are determined by the method of least squares to best represent the precomputed data. Hence, for given initial velocity V_1 and final velocity V_2 (in the case of orbiters), the heliocentric phase is described by:

$$J_H = f(T_H)$$
, $T_{HP} = f(T_H)$

For ease of convergence, the stored data have been generated using a power-plant specific mass α of 5 kg/kWe. The energy parameter J_H and the thrust time T_{HP} vary slightly with the system parameter α and are empirically described by:

$$J_{H} = J_{H}(1 + vary) \tag{12}$$

$$T_{HP} = T_{HP}(1 + vary)^{1/3}$$
 (13)

where

$$vary = 0.0001667J_H(\alpha - 5)$$

Planetoheliocentric Matching

The heliocentric initial velocity V_1 differs from the planetocentric high-thrust departure velocity VINF1 by the amount gained in thrusting along the planetary escape trajectory immediately following high-thrust engine cutoff. This gain in velocity, due to applying even a small amount of finite thrust close to a gravitating body, is accounted for by either the method of asymptotic matching of the high-thrust hyperbolic departure trajectory with the low-thrust heliocentric trajectory (ref. 7) (MATCH = ASYMPT) or by the method of sphere of influence matching (MATCH = SPHERE built-in). Under sphere-of-influence matching, the low-thrust system initial velocity is related to the high-thrust system departure velocity by:

$$V1 = \sqrt{(VINF1)^2 + \frac{2GM}{145RG}}$$
 (14)

$$V2 = \sqrt{(VINF2)^2 + \frac{2GM}{(RSPHERE)RGP}}$$
 (15)

Under asymptotic matching, the low-thrust system initial velocity is related to the high-thrust system departure velocity by:

$$V_1 = G_{(X)} A_0^{1/4} \tag{16}$$

where

$$X = \frac{(VINF1)^2}{4\sqrt{(GM)A_0}}$$

 $G_{(X)}$ contains complete elliptic integrals of the first and second kind, which have been accurately curve-fitted and stored within the program. Hence, it is noted that:

$$V_1 = f(VINF1, A_0)$$

In similar fashion for orbiters with high-thrust capture,

$$V_2 = G_{(X)} \left(\frac{A_0}{\mu_1}\right)^{1/4}$$
 (17)

where

$$X \qquad \frac{(\text{VINF2})^2}{4\sqrt{\text{GMP}(A_0/\mu_1)}}$$

GMP gravitational constant of target planet

VINF2 arrival velocity to be applied by high-thrust retrostage (constrained by input or left for optimization)

 μ_1 final mass ratio of electric stage

Arrival

In the case of orbiters, a choice may be made on the thrust level for planet capture. ARRIVE = HIGH instructs the code to retrobrake into the desired orbit using a high-thrust stage of specified characteristics. The velocity increment is:

$$\Delta V = \sqrt{(VINF2)^2 + \frac{2(GMP)}{RP2(RGP)}} - \sqrt{\frac{GMP}{A_C} \left(\frac{1 + EPST}{1 - EPST}\right)}$$
(18)

where

RGP radius of target planet

RP2 periapsis of capture orbit

EPST eccentricity of capture orbit

 A_c semimajor axis of capture orbit = RP2(RGP)/(1 - EPST)

The payload ratio of the high-thrust arrival system is given by:

$$ARRL = \frac{APROCH - WFUEL - WINERT}{APROCH}$$
 (19)

WFUEL
$$\left\{1 - \exp\left[\frac{-\Delta V}{AISP(0.00981)}\right]\right\}$$
 APROCH

WINERT + ASIGMA(WFUEL)

AINERT input fixed stage weight

ASIGMA input tankage fraction

AISP input specific impulse

With ARRIVE = LOW, the code will simulate a low-thrust spiral capture into the designated arrival orbit. The method of asymptotic matching similar to that described under DEPART = LOW yields the following:

$$J_c = f(T_c)$$

 T_c = capture time = powered time

Optimization

The maximization of final payload requires the optimum allotment of mass during each phase. The overall payload is given by:

$$PAYLOAD = (MLE) (ARRL) (DEPL) (BOOSTL - WEJECT)$$
 (20)

where WEJECT represents any interstage mass, low-thrust start-up equipment, etc., which the analyst wishes to discard after launch vehicle injection. Thus, DEPL(BOOSTL - WEJECT) defines the initial gross mass of the low-thrust system. The definitions of BOOSTL, DEPL, and ARRL have been given above and require only iterations on the departure and arrival velocities to determine their values in the overall optimization scheme. The low-thrust payload mass fraction, MLE, can be determined as an integral part of minimizing J and apportioning the time spent in each phase. A method of system optimization (ref. 8), based on the near invariance of J with system parameters, has been found to be quite accurate, especially when the slight variation can be predicted and compensated. The underlying assumptions to this method are that the minimum value of J is invariant to $\mu_{\rm W}$, and the average thrust acceleration over a trajectory with a minimum J is also invariant to $\mu_{\rm W}$. The average thrust acceleration may be described by:

$$\overline{a} = (a_0 a_1)^{1/2}$$
 (21)

and the initial acceleration by:

$$a_{O} = \frac{2\eta \mu_{W}}{\alpha C} \tag{22}$$

C exhaust velocity

 a_1 final acceleration = a_0/μ_1

An alternate expression for the average acceleration is:

$$\overline{a} = (J_T/T_p)^{1/2}$$
 (23)

where J_T has previously been defined as:

$$J_{T} = \int_{0}^{T} a^{2} dt = J_{D} + J_{H} + J_{C}$$

and T_p is the total propulsion time along the entire low-thrust trajectory including all phases:

$$T_{p} = T_{D} + T_{HP} + T_{C}$$
 (24)

The ratio of electric-propulsion payload mass (or net spacecraft mass as defined in this program) to its initial mass, DEPL(BOOSTL - WEJECT), is given by:

$$MLE = \mu_1 - \mu_W - \mu_T \tag{25}$$

and the final mass ratio is given by:

$$\mu_1 = \frac{\mu_W}{\mu_W + \frac{\gamma^2}{\eta}} \tag{26}$$

where

μ_w powerplant mass ratio

 μ_T propellant tankage ratio = $k(1 - \mu_1)$

k tankage fraction (0.03 built-in)

η thrustor subsystem efficiency

 γ^2 $\alpha J_T/2$

 α powerplant specific mass

It is convenient to define the thrustor subsystem efficiency in the form of an analytical function whose derivative is continuous, thus:

$$\eta = \frac{B}{1 + (D/C)^2}$$
 (27)

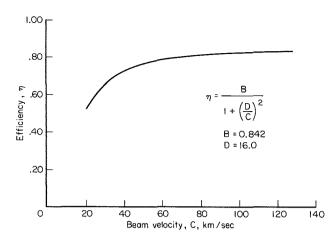


Figure 3.- Thrustor subsystem efficiency.

B constant (0.842 built-in)

D constant (16.0 built-in)

The best fit of B and D values to projections of references 9 and 10 is shown in figure 3, which includes a 90 percent power conditioning efficiency.

Optimum Power Level

To maximize payload, it is necessary to optimize the system parameters, exhaust velocity, and

powerplant mass ratio. Setting the first variation of the payload mass ratio MLE equal to zero and using equations (23), (26), and (27) and the above relationships, the following expressions result for the optimum system parameters:

Exhaust velocity:

$$C = \left[\frac{2BT_p}{\alpha} + \frac{2BT_pk}{\alpha} + D^2 - \frac{2T_p\gamma}{\alpha} \left(B + Bk + \frac{\alpha D^2}{2T_p} \right)^{1/2} \right]^{1/2}$$
 (28)

Powerplant mass ratio:

$$\mu_{W} = \frac{\gamma + \gamma k + \frac{\gamma \alpha D^{2}}{T_{P}B}}{\left(B + Bk + \frac{\alpha D^{2}}{2T_{P}}\right)^{1/2}} - \frac{\gamma^{2}}{B}$$
(29)

The final mass ratio μ_1 and the payload fraction MLE may be found by direct substitution of μ_W and C into equations (26) and (27), giving:

$$\mu_1 = 1 - \frac{\gamma}{\left(B + Bk + \frac{\alpha D^2}{2Tp}\right)^{1/2}}$$
 (30)

MLE =
$$1 + \frac{\gamma^2}{B} - \frac{2\gamma}{B} \left(B + Bk + \frac{\alpha D^2}{2T_p} \right)^{1/2}$$
 (31)

The values of B, D, k, and α are presumably known; thus, the above optimum system equations require the total propulsion time T_P and the total energy parameter J_T which are functions of the heliocentric time T_H and the initial and final velocities V_1 and V_2 . Hence, for maximum PAYLOAD, we need

to determine the optimum V_1 and V_2 that maximize the payload of the combined heliocentric and planetocentric phases while seeking the best combination of T_D , T_H , and T_C . This is accomplished by incrementing the velocities in alternate fixed steps, DELV1, DELV2 (built-in values are both 0.5 km/sec) while iterating between the apportionment of time spent in each phase until the maximum overall payload is achieved. The optimum power level for the completely unconstrained case is given by:

POWER =
$$\frac{\mu_W}{\alpha}$$
 DEPL(BOOSTL - WEJECT) (32)

where DEPL(BOOSTL - WEJECT) represents the initial low-thrust system gross mass. The initial acceleration is:

$$AZERO = \frac{0.002 \ \mu_W \eta}{\alpha C}$$
 (33)

where $\boldsymbol{\mu}_{\boldsymbol{w}}$ and \boldsymbol{C} are the optimum values found above.

Constrained Power Level

The preceding analysis has dealt with the case of fully optimized system parameters μ_W , T_P , C, and POWER. It often is necessary to determine the performance and requirements of a system that has a specified fixed power level. Through input of the desired powerplant characteristics ALPHA and POWER the mass and power level of the systems are constrained. The mass of the powerplant is given by:

$$WPLANT = (ALPHA)POWER$$
 (34)

and the powerplant mass fraction is simply:

$$\mu_{W} = \frac{WPLANT}{DEPL(BOOSTL - WEJECT)}$$
 (35)

From the previous definitions and equations (21), (22), (26), and (27), the following expression for exhaust velocity in terms of powerplant mass fraction results:

$$C = \left\{ 0.5 \left(1 + \frac{\gamma^2}{B\mu_W} \right) \left(\frac{B^2 J T \mu_W^2}{\gamma^4} \right) \left[1 + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{TJ} \left(\frac{2D\gamma^2}{\gamma^2 + B\mu_W} \right)^2} \right] - D^2 \right\}^{1/2}$$
 (36)

The required initial acceleration for this fixed power case is now;

$$A_{FP} = \frac{0.002 \ \mu_W \eta}{\alpha C} \tag{37}$$

This change in initial acceleration, caused by a fixed μ_W and newly computed C, will affect the energy parameter J_T and the two assumptions underlying the previous method of system optimization. A technique of system optimization was therefore used which is based on the near invariance of trajectory characteristic length L with system parameters (ref. 11). In this technique, the characteristic length of a trajectory is assumed constant regardless of the type of propulsion system used to traverse its path. The form of this parameter, which is a measure of the energy requirements for the mission, is given by:

$$L = \frac{C^2}{A_0} \left[\left(1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{A_0 T_p}{C}} \right)^2 - \frac{A_0}{C} (T_T - T_p) R(\mathcal{I}_n) \left(1 - \frac{A_0 T_p}{C} \right) \right]$$
(38)

where T_T is the total mission time. The constant R as derived (ref. 11) was 0.5. However, after inspection of numerous cases, the constant R used in this program was empirically set at 0.4, which causes L to more closely define both the optimum and constrained missions, and is identified as LPRIME (L'). Thus, L' is a function of C and T_P , since A_O depends on C. Ideally, one would hope to determine L' for the optimum power case and set it equal to the L' for the constrained case, thereby requiring only an iteration on T_P to determine the best C. Unfortunately, even L' varies with acceleration A_O , and, although slight, the variation is sufficient to cause unnecessary error in C and T_P and therefore low-thrust payload MLE. After some observation, the variation of characteristic length with acceleration, for the fixed-power case, was found to be simply:

$$L_{FP}' = L_{OPT}' \left(0.9 + 0.1 \frac{A_{OPT}}{A_{FP}} \right)$$
 (39)

where A_{OPT} and L'_{OPT} refer to the acceleration and length of the optimum power case, and A_{FP} and L'_{FP} refer to the fixed-power case. The method of solution is to first guess a T_P and solve equation (36) for C (with the known fixed μ_W). Next, determine the new A_{FP}, equation (37), and use equations (38) and (39) to determine a new value of T_P. Equation (36) is then solved for the new value of C. The final mass ratio is given by:

$$\mu_1 = 1 - \frac{A_{FP}T_P}{C} \tag{40}$$

and the payload mass ratio is given by:

MLE =
$$\mu_1(1 + k) - \mu_w - k$$
 (41)

Constrained Thrust Time With Fixed Power

In addition to the case of contrained power level, it is also realistic to specify a fixed upper bound on thrusting time. As for both optimum power and constrained power cases, the coast and thrust phases must still be optimally placed. The technique for system optimization of the fixed-thrust time with fixed-power case is similar to that of the fixed-power case. However, the trajectory characteristic length varies with both acceleration and thrust time in the following manner:

$$L_{\text{FTP}}^{\prime} = L_{\text{FP}}^{\prime} \left[0.85 + 0.15 \left(\frac{A_{\text{FP}}}{A_{\text{FTP}}} \right) \left(\frac{\text{TIMEON}}{T_{\text{FP}}} \right) \right]$$
 (42)

where A_{FTP} is the initial acceleration of the fixed-time, fixed-power case, TIMEON is the input constrained thrusting time upper limit, and T_{FP} , A_{FP} , and L_{FP}^{\dagger} are the thrust time, acceleration, and characteristic length found in the constrained-power, optimum-thrust-time case, which is solved prior to the constrained-power, constrained-time case. The procedure of solution is to guess a value of C, determine A_{FTP} and then compute L_{FTP}^{\dagger} by equation (42). Next, equation (38) is solved for the new value of C (knowing both T_P = TIMEON, which is input, and μ_W , which is computed from the constrained POWER input) and repeat the process until convergence. An excellent first guess for the exhaust velocity is:

$$C = C_{FP} \left(\frac{TIMEON}{T_{FP}} \right)$$
 (43)

where the subscript FP refers to the previously solved fixed-power, optimum-time case. After determination of C, the low-thrust payload mass ratio computation proceeds in a manner similar to that of the previous case. The overall PAYLOAD optimization continues as the initial and final velocities are incremented and the phase times are apportioned with a subsequent iteration through the low-thrust system optimization, as described in the previous three subsections.

Powerplant Specific Mass as a Function of Power

An additional option may be exercised to investigate the effect of optimally sizing the powerplant to a launch vehicle - mission combination according to an assumed level of technology. Through the use of a functional relationship between power level and powerplant specific mass, the analyst can realistically determine the best compromise powerplant for a range of missions (ref. 12). Built into the code is the following empirical relationship, which

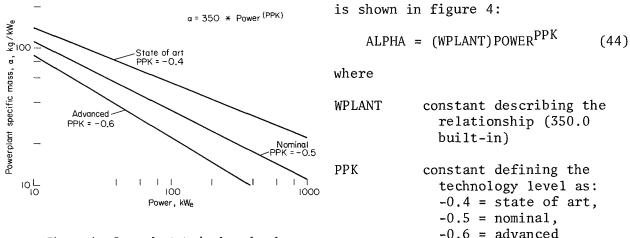


Figure 4.- Powerplant technology levels.

It is seen that ALPHA will increase as POWER decreases. The code will automatically recycle itself until it finds the optimum power level, and hence ALPHA, which will yield the maximum payload for a given launch weight on a particular mission (ref. 13). When using this option, ALPHA or POWER are not input, as they will be computed internally. The only input required is PPK and WPLANT (if the user wishes to override the built-in value of 350.0).

DISCUSSION

General User Comments

The program described in this report has been used extensively for a wide range of missions. The experience gained in using the code has led to modifications and improvements to facilitate its use by others. No initial guesses are required on the part of the user since all initial values and starting solutions are provided internally. Convergence is completely assured on any case that has a solution. On all other cases, the code repairs any damage done to its logic and proceeds with the next input case. This expedites the running of numerous cases with large ranges in parameters. Built into the code are automatic input loops on ALPHA, TIME, POWER, and EPST, which allow the analyst the flexibility to cover large ranges in these variables, Upon input of a range of parameters, it is advantageous to run cases in the order of increasing difficulty (i.e., TIME = 1000.0, 800.0, 600.0; ALPHA = 30.0, 40.0, 50.0). Because of built-in cutoffs, time is saved by eliminating all missions more difficult than the last one to fail (negative payload). Reasonable values of most parameters have been built in (see appendix A) which, of course, the analyst can override with his own desired input values. The input itself has been simplified through the use of colloquial variables such as the proper names of launch vehicles and planets (BIRD = 'ATLAS/CENTAUR', 'PLANET = SATURN', etc.) and the straightforward spelling of parameters to indicate their function such as MODE = FLYBY, ARRIVE = HIGH, LAUNCH = ESCAPE, etc. All proper names in the input should be enclosed by quote marks.

The program has been coded in FORTRAN IV and has been kept relatively simple so that the logic flow may be followed easily, thereby facilitating the inevitable changes to suit a user's particular needs. The program has been exercised on the IBM 360-50 computer and the storage requirements are minimal. The execution times on this computer range from 0.1 second (flyby with optimum power) to 0.5 second (orbiter with constrained power and constrained thrust time and with initial and final velocities to be optimized). Execution times on other computers are estimated to be 0.05 to 0.25 on the IBM 7094, and 0.02 to 0.1 on the IBM 360-75. These times represent a two to three order-of-magnitude reduction in the compute times of other existing programs on the same subject. Nor has accuracy been sacrificed, as correlation with exact mission simulation data is excellent (refs. 1, 14).

The output format has been selected to allow a one-line listing per case so that as many as 40 missions may be concisely filed on one page. The output is to the line printer and is sized for inclusion in loose-leaf notebooks. Appendix B contains the output parameters and their definitions. In addition to the conventional listing, a graph of the data may be obtained by stating on input PRINT = GRAPH. This allows a plot of net spacecraft mass versus mission time for a family of powerplant specific mass. Built into the program is a diagnostic feature that on input of PRINT = HELP will output various key parameters internal to the program in case of unforeseen problems (see line 233 of main program).

In addition to the options covered thus far there is another feature that may be useful. To compute the all high-thrust propulsion cases for purposes of comparison with the low-thrust missions, simply input ALPHA = 0.0 and the VA and VB equal to the hyperbolic excess velocities associated with the all-ballistic mission. Accordingly, the code will compute only the launch, departure, and arrival conditions with a coast trajectory assumed for the entire heliocentric phase. All planetocentric maneuvers will be calculated using the characteristics of the high-thrust systems that are either built-in or overridden by input.

To illustrate the requirements for deck make-up of a job, appendix C displays the IBM cards used for example problem 3. It will be noticed that the fourth card includes the subroutines MPXO4F1 through F5, which are basic to this program. The fifth card includes subroutines MOXO1UP and MOXO1IN. Subroutine MOXO1UP is a graph or plot routine available to IBM 7094 users under the name UMPLOT. It has been modified to run on the IBM 360 series and requires the four program calls PLOT1 through 4. Subroutine MOXO1IN is a data input routine that is similar to, and may be replaced by, IBM's NAMELIST input routine. The CALL INPUT within the program should be changed to be READ statements. The present input routine allows cases to be stacked by simply placing an asterisk card between each set of input. Only those input quantities which are to be changed need be added after the asterisk. All data may be punched on the cards in free form. To familiarize potential users with the code, a series of example problems are included in appendix D. A complete listing of the program FORTRAN statements is given in appendix E.

As with any program, there are certain limitations and restrictions inherent to the operation of the code described here. These are set forth in the following paragraphs along with some suggested extensions to its application.

Limitations

The simulation of a particular mission is limited by the amount of precomputed and stored data. The trajectory data, within the code, for Mercury and Venus do not include the variation with initial and final velocities, and there are no data stored for Pluto as yet. Jupiter swingby electric-propulsion data have not yet been included in the program and would represent a very useful extension of this research tool. Users of the program who find a need for data such as the above may conveniently store the information as outlined in the analysis section. Of course, the accuracy of any simulated mission is dependent on the accuracy of the stored data, which requires detailed trajectory computations and efficient curve fits. Inevitably, some missions will require extrapolations of the stored information, and the proper form of the representative curves will afford greater confidence in the result.

Extensions of the Program

If more refined simulation is desired, one may consider the coupling of this level 1 code with a more accurate level 2 trajectory program. The mission may then be recomputed using a detailed trajectory subroutine (ref. 15) with the level 1 parameters as an initial starting solution. This method allows the user various levels of analyses and gives him the flexibility of trading accuracy for time. The execute times for this scheme are greatly reduced since in the lower level of analyses the trajectory data has already been computed, and in the higher level excellent initial solutions are available for the optimization of system and trajectory parameters such as specific impulse, powerplant mass fraction, thrust acceleration, operating time, and departure and arrival velocities.

An integral part of overall mission simulation should include the definition of the propulsion system hardware. Although a simple relationship between power level and system mass is built-in, a more rigorous treatment of system analysis may be provided through the coupling of this present code with a systems and hardware definition program. Within such a code, the system may be detailed into subsystem modules, including thrustor and power conditioning mating; thermodynamic cycle calculations; radiator weight and area analysis; apportionment of accessory equipment, pumps, plumbing, etc.; reactor characteristics, shield weight breakdown; and geometric configuration design and weight summary. There would be, of course, feedback loops and optimizations between various subsystems, which may be subject to mission constraints such as distance from Sun, operating time, ambient temperature, power level, diameter of launch vehicle, etc. When fully developed, the

mathematical modeling of the powerplant characteristics would allow the interplay necessary to an overall low-thrust mission simulation tool.

National Aeronautics and Space Administration Moffett Field, Calif. 94035, Nov. 24, 1969

APPENDIX A

INPUT PARAMETERS

```
Description
Variable name
TIME
                   Total mission time, days
                   Number of missions times input (NT = 1 built in)
NT
ALPHA
                   Powerplant specific mass, kg/kWe
                   Number of alphas input (NA = 1 built in)
NA
LAUNCH
                   Type of launch trajectory desired
                     = ESCAPE, will launch booster payload to escape
                     = PARK, will launch booster payload to parking orbit
RP1
                   Radius of parking orbit if LAUNCH = PARK, Earth radii
EPSD
                   Eccentricity of parking orbit (0.0 built in)
                   Proper name of launch vehicle selected (must be enclosed
BIRD
                     in quotes):
                     = 'SATURNV'
                        'SATURNV/CENTAUR'
                        'SATURNI/CENTAUR'
                        'SIC/S4B'
                        'SIC/S4B/CENTAUR'
                        'TITAN3F', same as Titan 3X(1207)
                        'TITAN3F/CENTAUR'
                        'TITAN3D/CENTAUR', same as (1205)
                        'TITAN3D/AGENA'
                        'ATLAS/CENTAUR'
                        'ATLAS/AGENA'
                        'INPUT BOOST DATA', used if characteristics of launch
                          vehicle are to be input
TARGET
                   Proper name of target or planet (must be enclosed in
                     quotes):
                     = 'MERCURY'
                        'VENUS'
                        'MARS'
                        'JUPITER'
                        'SATURN'
                        'URANUS'
                        'NEPTUNE'
                        'PLUTO'
                        'COMET HALEY', rendezvous
                        'EXTRA-ECLIPTIC', 1.0 AU rendezvous
ANGLE
                   Angle of inclination to the ecliptic if
                     TARGET = 'EXTRA-ECLIPTIC', degrees
MODE
                   Type of mission (need not be input if
                     TARGET = 'COMET HALEY' or TARGET = 'EXTRA-ECLIPTIC')
                     = FLYBY - flyby
                     = ORBIT - orbiter
POWER
                   Electrical power level, if constrained, kWe
NP
                   Number of powers input (NP = 1 built in)
```

22.0	
RP2	Radius of capture orbit, if orbiter, planetary radii
EPST	Eccentricity of capture orbit (0.0 built in)
NET	Number of capture eccentricities input (NET = 1 built in)
DEPART	Thrust level of departure stage if launch = PARK
	= HIGH, ballistic-escape stage
	= LOW, electric stage, spiral escape
DISP	Specific impulse of departure stage, sec
	(DISP = 450.0 built in)
DSIGMA	Tank inert fraction of high-thrust departure stage
	(DSIGMA = 0.137 built in)
DINERT	Fixed inert mass of high-thrust departure stage, kg
DINBRI	(DINERT = 0.0 built in)
ARRIVE	
ARRIVE	Thrust level of capture stage if MODE = ORBIT
	= HIGH, ballistic-capture stage
ATOR	= LOW, electric stage, spiral capture
AISP	Specific impulse of ARRIVAL stage, sec (AISP = 300.0
	built in)
ASIGMA	Tank inert fraction of high-thrust ARRIVAL stage
	(ASIGMA = 0.10 built in)
AINERT	Fixed inert mass of high-thrust arrival stage, kg
	(AINERT = 0.0 built in)
D	Constant in thrustor-efficiency function, km/sec
	(D = 16.0 built in)
В	Constant in thrustor-efficiency function (B = 0.842
	built in)
TANK	Low-thrust propellant tankage fraction (TANK = 0.03
	built in)
DELV1	Increment size on departure hyperbolic velocity optimiza-
	tion, km/sec (DELV1 = 0.5 built in)
DELV2	Increment size on arrival hyperbolic velocity optimization,
222.2	km/sec (DELV2 = 0.5 built in)
VA	Departure hyperbolic excess velocity if constrained
VB VB	Arrival hyperbolic excess velocity if constrained
TIMEON	Electric propulsion thrusting time upper limit if
FAIFDOV	constrained, hours (TIMEON = 9999999.9 built in)
ENERGY	Source of electric power:
	= ATOMIC, nuclear electric (built in)
	= SOLAR, solar cell (no data built in yet)
WPLANT	Constant in alpha-power relationship, kg (WPLANT = 350.0
	built in) (see eq. (44))
PPK	Constant in alpha-power relationship (PPK = 0.0 built in)
	(see eq. (44))
PAYUP	Tabular values of launch vehicle performance to be input
	if BIRD = 'INPUT BOOST DATA'; maximum of 16 values, kg
	(PAYUP = 16×0.0 built in)
VC	Tabular values of launch vehicle performance corresponding
	to input values of PAYUP; maximum of 16 values, km/sec
	$(VC = 16 \times 7.75 \text{ built in})$
WEJECT	Interstage mass, low thrust start-up equipment, etc.,
	discarded after launch vehicle injection, kg
	(WEJECT = 0.0 built in)
	(urong - 0.0 natio III)

MATCH

Method of planetoheliocentric trajectory matching

= SPHERE (sphere of influence, built in)

= ASYMPT (asymptotic velocity matching)

Output control

= DATA built in yields standard output

= GRAPH yields standard plus graph

= HELP yields debug diagnostic

Under PRINT = GRAPH the following may be input:

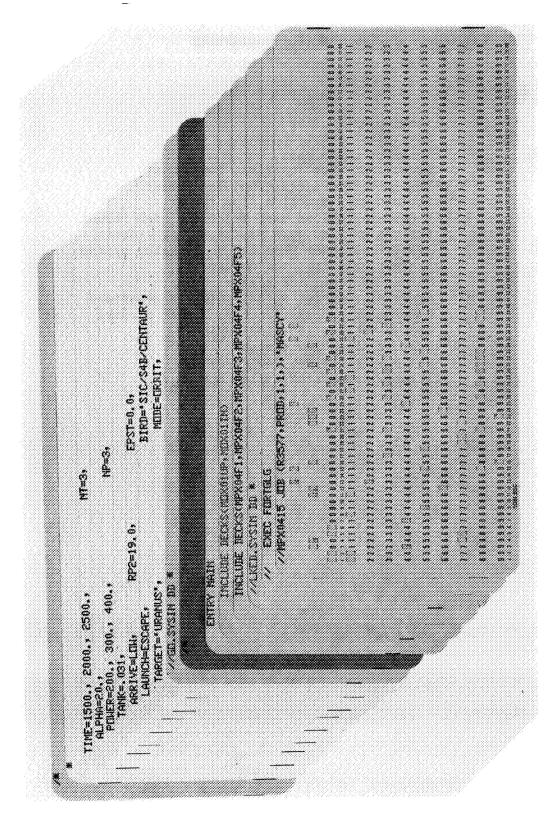
XMAX	Maximum trip time on abscissa, days (XMAX = 3200.0 built in)
XMIN	Minimum trip time on abscissa, days (XMIN = 0.0 built in)
YMAX	Maximum payload on ordinate, kg (YMAX = 70000.0 built in)
YMIN	Minimum payload on ordinate, kg (YMIN = 0.0 built in)
NHL	Number of horizontal grid lines ((NHL = 7 built in)
NVL	Number of vertical grid lines (NVL = 8 built in)
NSBH	Number of carriage spaces between horizontal lines
	(NSBH = 5 built in)
NSBV	Number of carriage spaces between vertical lines
	(NSBV = 10 built in)
NAME	Proper name of analyst (must be in quotes)

APPENDIX B

OUTPUT PARAMETERS

Variable name	Description	Units
TIME	Total mission time	days
ALPHA	Powerplant specific mass	kg/kWe
PAYLOAD	Net spacecraft mass	kg
MUP	Propellant mass fraction, low thrust	
MUW	Powerplant mass fraction, low thrust	
MLE	Payload mass fraction, low thrust	
DEPL	Departure payload mass fraction, high thrust	
ARRL	Arrival payload mass fraction, high thrust	
POWER	Electrical power supplied to thrustor system	kWe
С	Exhaust velocity, low thrust	km/sec
T POW	Thrusting time, low thrust	hours
VINF 1	Hyperbolic excess velocity, Earth departure	km/sec
VINF 2	Hyperbolic excess velocity, Planet arrival	km/sec
BOOSTL	Launch vehicle injected payload	kg
TC	Capture time, low thrust	days
TH	Heliocentric time, low thrust	days
ETA	Thrustor subsystem efficiency p_j/p_e	•

APPENDÎX C - SAMPLE DECK MAKEUP



APPENDIX D

EXAMPLE PROBLEMS

Example 1 shows the input parameters and output variables of a simple Saturn flyby mission. The optimum power level is shown to decrease with increasing ALPHA and to decrease with increasing mission time. The optimized hyperbolic excess velocity increases with increased ALPHA. The BOOSTL is the mass injected on a hyperbolic escape trajectory by the ATLAS/AGENA launch vehicle.

Example 2, a Jupiter orbiter, shows the method of overriding the built-in characteristics of the high-thrust capture stage by specifying AISP and ASIGMA. Note that the capture orbit characteristics are those of an ellipse with periapsis, RP2 = 2.0 Jupiter radii and eccentricity, EPST = 0.9. The exhaust velocity C of the electric stage is shown to decrease with increasing ALPHA. For this mission, the hyperbolic velocities at both departure and arrival, VINF1 and VINF2, respectively, have been optimized to yield maximum payload.

Example 3 indicates the method of constraining the electric power level of the low-thrust propulsion system by input of the desired level of POWER. The constrained power levels are shown in the appropriate output column. The low-thrust propellant tankage fraction has also been input, TANK = 0.031. Note that when a single variable is input such as one ALPHA, there is no need to input the quantity of that variable such as NA = 1.

Example 4 shows that mode need not be input when TARGET = 'EXTRA-ECLIPTIC'. The printout in the center of the page indicates that it is a rendezvous type mission, that is, the probe arrives at the desired inclination to the ecliptic (ANGLE = 45.0) at 1.0 AU and remains in a circular orbit with those conditions.

Example 5 uses a desired mass in Earth orbit by specifying LAUNCH = PARK, and BIRD = 'INPUT BOOST DATA'. In this case, the fixed initial mass of 50,000 kilograms is input by PAYUP = 50000.0. Note that in all cases the output shows that BOOSTL = 50000.0. Departure from the parking orbit is by a high-thrust vehicle, DEPART = HIGH, whose input characteristics are those of an assumed nuclear stage, specific impulse DISP = 800.0 seconds, hydrogen tankage fraction DSIGMA = 0.20, and fixed inerts plus nuclear engine DINERT = 7000.0 kg.

Example 6 constrains the departure hyperbolic excess velocity VA = 4.0 kilometers per second. Note the output column VINF1. Also, in this example, the capture orbit is circular (RP2 = 16.0 planet radii); therefore, the eccentricity, EPST = 0.0, need not be input.

Example 7 utilizes the built-in power-alpha relationship, equation (44). The nominal technology selected for this example requires WPLANT = 350.0 and

PPK = -0.5. Note the POWER column outputs the power level best suited for this launch vehicle-departure mode that conforms to the above constraint. The ALPHA column shows the powerplant specific mass corresponding to this power relationship. Neither POWER nor ALPHA should be input under this option.

Example 8 illustrates the use of the program in nondimensional parameters. Through the input LAUNCH = PARK and BIRD = NO BOOST, the code will initiate all missions from Earth orbit and the payload will be normalized to Earth orbital mass. The PBAR column gives the ratio of POWER divided by PAYLOAD in units of kilowatts/kilograms. For example, a mission time of 2000 days and a powerplant specific mass of 20 kg/kWe yields a payload mass fraction of 0.0869 and a PBAR = 0.0580. If we desired our Earth orbital mass to be 10,000 kg, then our payload would be 869 kg and the primary electrical power required would be 50.3 kWe [(0.0580)(869)]. Similarly, for an orbital mass of 20,000 kg, payload would be 1738 kg and power would be 100.6 kWe.

Example 9 depicts a very useful output format. Through the input PRINT = GRAPH, the results of the mission analysis is graphically portrayed following the standard columnar printout. The plot shows mission time in days along the abscissa or x-axis and net spacecraft mass (payload) in kilograms along the ordinate or y-axis. The maximum and minimum values of these parameters are controlled by the inputs YMAX, YMIN, XMAX, XMIN. The number of horizontal and vertical grid spaces may also be changed by input as described in appendix A. The family of alphas is plotted with the symbol corresponding to ALPHA divided by 10, thus 3, 4, 5 refer to ALPHA = 30, 40, 50 kg/kWe. The conditions of launch, departure, and arrival are shown in the upper left corner as well as the power level. The word FIGURE is output for labeling convenience on the bottom left and the date of the computer run is automatically printed on the bottom right corner. The name of the analyst may be inscribed on the bottom right corner by the input NAME = 'user's name'.

TARGET='SATURN', LAUNCH=ESCAPE, ALPHA=10., 20., 30., TIME=1000., 1200., 1400., 1600.,

MODE=FLYBY, BIRD='ATLAS/AGENA',

01.10	A I LAGY AGENA
NA=3,	
NT=4,	

						E	ARTH	TO 5	SATURN		FLY	ВУ			
							ATLA	AS/AGENA		LAUNCH T	O ESC	APE			
								DEPART	ні	GН					
TIME	ALPHA	PAYLOAD	MUP	MUW	MLE	DEPL	ARRL	POWER	С	T POW	VINF1	VINF2	BOOSTL	тс тн	ETA
1000.	10.0	356.	.231 .	197	•565	1.000	1.000	12.4	77.6	12126.	0.0	0.0	630.	0. 1000	808
1000.	20.0	256.	.319 .	261	•410	1.000	1.000	8.2	52.5	12126.	0.5	0.0	625.	0. 1000	770
1000.	30.0	187.	.368 .	302	•319	1.000	1.000	5.9	41.9	12126.	1.5	0.0	587.	0. 1000	735
1200.	10.0	391.	.199 .	175	.621	1.000	1.000	11.0	85.7	14257.	0.0	0.0	630.	0. 1200	814
1200.	20.0	302.	.277 .	235	.480	1.000	1.000	7.4	58.3	14257.	0.0	0.0	630。	0. 1200	783
1200.	30.0	238.	•326 •	275	•389	1.000	1.000	5.6	46.6	14257.	1.0	0.0	611.	0. 1200	753
1400.	10.0	413.	.179 .	160	•656	1.000	1.000	10.1	92.7	16348.	0.0	0.0	630.	0. 1400	818
1400.	20.0	332.	.250 .	216	.527	1.000	1.000	6.8	63 . 4	16348.	0.0	0.0	630.	0. 1400	792
1400.	30.0	272.	.300 .					5.3	50.6	16348.	0.5	0.0	625.	0. 1400	765
1600.	10.0	428.	.166 .	150	-680	1.000	1.000	9.4	99.0	18406.	0.0	0.0	630.	0. 1600	821
1600.	20.0	352.	.232					6.4	67.9	18406.	0.0	0.0	630.	0. 1600	
1600.	30.0	295.	.281 .					5.1	54.2	18406.	0.0	0.0	630.	0. 1600	

Example 1.

MODE=ORBIT, BIRD='TITAN3F/CENTAUR', EPST=.9, ASIGMA=.11, NA=3, NT=4, TARGET='JUPITER', LAUNCH=ESCAPE, ARRIVE=HIGH, RP2=2.0, AISP=310.0, ALPHA=30.0, 40.0, 50.0, TIME=1000.0, 1200., 1300., 1400.,

					EAR	RTH	TO	JUPITER		ORBI	TER				
						TITA	N3F/CEN	NTAUR	LAUNCH T	O ESC	APE				
						DEPA	RT	HIGH	4	RRIVE	HIGH				
TIME	ALPHA	PAYLOAD	MUP MU	W MLE	DEPL	ARRL	POWER	С	T POW	VINF1	VINF2	BOOSTL	TC	тн	ETA
1000. 1000. 1000.	30.0 40.0 50.0	2540. 2279. 2077.	.211 .206 .222 .225 .225 .240	.547	1.000 0	.553	51.7 42.4 35.1	50.0 43.6 39.4	14025. 14025. 14025.	1.5 1.5 2.0	5.5 6.5 7.0	7533. 7533. 7322.	0.	1000. 1000. 1000.	•764 •742 •723
1200. 1200. 1200.	30.0 40.0 50.0	2870. 2624. 2425.	.188 .183 .198 .200 .201 .211	•595	1.000 0	585 • 5	47.0 37.7 31.9	54.8 47.7 43.0	16513. 16513. 16513.	1.0 1.5 1.5	5.0 5.5 6.5	7688. 7533. 7533.	0.	1200. 1200. 1200.	.776 .757 .740
1300. 1300. 1300.	30.0 40.0 50.0	2997. 2753. 2561.	•181 •177 •192 •193 •194 •203	.610	1.000 0	.599	45.2 36.3 30.6	49.5	17740. 17740. 17740.	1.0 1.5 1.5	4.5 5.0 6.0	7688. 7533. 7533.	0.	1300. 1300. 1300.	.780 .762 .746
1400. 1400. 1400.	30.0 40.0 50.0	3101. 2864. 2676.	.170 .166 .186 .186 .190 .197	.622	1.000 0	599	42.6 35.8 29.7	59•1 51•1 46•1	18958. 18958. 18958.	1.0 1.0 1.5	4.5 5.0 5.5	7688. 7688. 7533.	0.	1400. 1400. 1400.	.784 .767 .751

Example 2.

D-5

TARGET=*URANUS*, LAUNCH=ESCAPE, ARRIVE=LOW, RP2=19.0, TANK=.031, POWER=200., 300., 400., ALPHA=20., TIME=1500., 2000., 2500., MODE=ORBIT, BIRD='SIC/S4B/CENTAUR', EPST=0.0,

NP=3,

NT=3,

EARTH TO URANUS

ORBITER

							SIC/	S4B/CEN	TAUR	LAUNCH T	o esc	APE				
							DEPA	RT	HIGH	А	RRIVE	LOW				
TIME	ALPHA	PAYLOAD	MUP	MUW	MLE	DEPL	ARRL	POWER	С	T POW	VINF1	VINF2	BOOSTL	TC	тн	ETA
1500. 1500.	20.0 20.0	1499. 1300.				1.000		200.0 300.0	55•1 59•7	21762. 21754.	6.0 4.0	0.0	13776. 17992.		1490. 1491.	•776 •786
1500.	20.0	820.	.543	• 399	.041	1.000	1.000	400.0	67.7	21751.	3.0	0.0	20048.	9. 1	1491.	•797
2000. 2000. 2000.	20.0 20.0 20.0	4733. 5106. 4832.	.473	•277	.235	1.000 1.000 1.000	1.000	200.0 300.0 400.0	5 6 • 2 68 • 8 84 • 7	28174. 28162. 28159.	3.5 2.0 1.5	0.0 0.0 0.0	19058. 21697. 22312.	18.	1981. 1982. 1983.	•779 •799 •813
2500 • 2500 • 2500 •	20.0 20.0 20.0	7472. 7904. 7514.	.378	.264	.347	1.000 1.000 1.000	1.000	200.0 300.0 400.0	62.9 83.9 105.8	34446. 34434. 34430.	2.0 1.0 0.5	0.0 0.0 0.0	21 697 • 227 63 • 23038 •	29.	2470. 2471. 2471.	.791 .812 .823

Example 3.

TARGET="EXTRA-ECLIPTIC", ANGLE=45.0, ALPHA=10., 20., 30., TIME=400., 500., 600., 700., LAUNCH=ESCAPE, POWER=50.0,

NA=3, NT=4, BIRD='TITAN3D/CENTAUR',

EARTH TO EXTRA-ECLIPTIC RENDEZVU

TITAN3D/CENTAUR LAUNCH TO ESCAPE

							DEPART	ΗI	GН						
TIME	ALPHA	PAYLOAD	MUP I	IUW MLE	DEPL	ARRL	POWER	С	T POW	VINFI	VINF2	BOOSTL	TC	TH	ETA
400。 400。 400。	10.0 20.0 30.0	1238. 738. 238.	.519 .13 .519 .2	8 .198	1.000	1.000	50.0 50.0 50.0	33.8 33.8 33.8	8928. 8928. 8928.	5.0 5.0 5.0	0.0 0.0 0.0	3734. 3734. 3734.	0. 0.	400. 400. 400.	•688 •688
500. 500.	10.0 20.0 30.0	1654. 1154. 654.	.487 .1 .487 .2	6 .383 1 .267	1.000	1.000	50.0 50.0 50.0	36.7 36.7 36.7	11160. 11160. 11160.	4.0 4.0 4.0	0.0 0.0 0.0	4323. 4323. 4323.	0.	500. 500.	.708 .708
600. 600.	10.0 20.0 30.0	2052. 1552. 1052.	.459 .10 .459 .2	3 .424 07 .321	1.000	1.000	50.0 50.0 50.0	39.7 39.7 39.7	13392 • 13392 • 13392 •	3.0 3.0 3.0	0.0	4838. 4838. 4838.	0.	600. 600.	•724 •724
700. 700. 700.	10.0 20.0 30.0	2419. 1919. 1419.	.410 .0° .410 .1°	9 .479	1.000 1.000	1.000	50.0 50.0 50.0	45.0 45.0 45.0	15 624 • 15 624 • 15 624 •	2.5. 2.5 2.5	0.0 0.0 0.0	5055. 5055. 5055.	0.	700. 700. 700.	•748 •748 •748

Example 4.

TARGET='SATURN', LAUNCH=PARK, PAYUP=50000.0, DEPART=HIGH, DISP=800.0, ARRIVE=LOW,

MODE=ORBIT, BIRD='INPUT BOOST DATA',

DSIGMA=.20, ALPHA=10.0, 20.0, 30.0, TIME=1000., 1500., 2000., 2500.,

RP1=1.05, DINERT=7000.0, RP2=20.0, NA=3, NT=4,

EARTH TO SATURN

INPUT BOOST DATA LAUNCH TO PARKING

ORBITER

						DEPA	RT	HIGH	A	RRIVE	LOW				
TIME	ALPHA	PAYLOAD	MUP ML	W MLI	DEPL	ARRL	POWER	С	T POW	VINF1	VINF2	BOOSTL	TC	TH	ETA
1000.	10.0		•391 •263				551.0 236.1	75.6 50.3	14624.	3.0 6.0	0.0	50000. 50000.	9. 11.	991. 989.	.806 .765
1000. 1000.	20.0 30.0	3354. 1628.	.475 .299 .520 .324				125.1	39.8	14661.	8.0	0.0	50000.	13.		.725
1500.	10.0 20.0	11742. 8219.	•261 •208 •342 •25				465.0 266.1	100 • 1 67 • 4	21283.	1.5	0.0	50000 • 50000 •		1474. 1472.	.821 .797
1500.		5992.	.396 .284				184.5	53.2	21329.	4.0	0.0	50000.		1470.	.772
2000 • 2000 • 2000 •	10.0 20.0 30.0	14101. 11047. 8975.	.204 .173 .272 .213	.502	0.440	1.000	395.6 240.1 179.2	118.5 80.8 64.1	27846. 27887. 27905.	0.5 2.0 2.5	0.0 0.0 0.0	50000. 50000. 50000.	54.	1950. 1946. 1945.	.827 .810 .793
2500. 2500. 2500.		15457. 12750. 10864.	•171 •150 •231 •193 •275 •223	.569	0.448	1.000	343.5 216.3 163.6	134•2 92•0 73•4	34378. 34428. 34457.	0.0 1.5 2.0	0.0 0.0 0.0	50000. 50000. 50000.	87.	2417. 2413. 2410.	.830 .817 .804

Example 5.

TARGET='NEPTUNE', LAUNCH=ESCAPE, ARRIVE=LOW, ALPHA=20., 30., 40., TIME=3200., 3000., 2800., NT=3, VA=4.0,

MODE=ORBIT, BIRD='TITAN3D/AGENA', RP2=16.0, NA=3,

EARTH TO NEPTUNE ORBITER

LAUNCH TO ESCAPE

						DEPA	RT	HIGH	А	RRIVE	LOW			
TIME	ALPHA	PAYLOAD	MUP	MUW ML	E DEPL	ARRL	POWER	С	T POW	VINF1	VINF2	BOOSTL	тс тн	ETA
3200. 3200. 3200.	20.0 30.0 40.0	734. 493. 314.	.483 .2	259 .333 279 .224 286 .142	1.000	1.000	28.5 20.5 15.8	90 • 2 68 • 5 55 • 3	42358. 42358. 42358.	4.0 4.0 4.0	0.0 0.0 0.0	2203. 2203. 2203.	52. 3148. 52. 3148. 52. 3148.	.816 .798 .777
3000. 3000. 3000.	20.0 30.0 40.0		.516 .2	265 .298 281 .187 284 .106	1.000	1.000	29.2 20.7 15.6	86.0 64.7 51.6	40286. 40286. 40286.	4.0 4.0 4.0	0.0 0.0 0.0	2203. 2203. 2203.	45. 2955. 45. 2955. 45. 2955.	• 793
2800. 2800. 2800.	20.0 30.0 40.0	570. 322. 145.	.556 .2	271 •259 281 •146 276 •066	1.000	1.000	29.9 20.6 15.2	81.4 60.3 47.4	38190. 38190. 38190.	4.0 4.0 4.0	0.0 0.0 0.0	2203. 2203. 2203.	38. 2762. 38. 2762. 38. 2762.	.811 .787 .756

TITAN3D/AGENA

Example 6.

D-7

NT=7,

TARGET='JUPITER', MODE=FLYBY,
LAUNCH=PARK, BIRD='TITAN3F
DEPART=LOW,

PPK=-.5, TIME=800., 1000., 1200., 1400., 1600., 1800., 2000.,

EARTH TO JUPITER FLYBY
TITAN3F LAUNCH TO PARKING

DEPART LOW

TC ТН ETA VINE2 BOOSTL С T POW VINF1 TIME ALPHA PAYLOAD MUP MUW MLE DEPL ARRL POWER .371 .293 .325 1.000 1.000 205.0 11760. 0.0 17088. ٥. 653. .749 800. 24.4 5552. 17088. 785. .765 0.0 0. 1000. 26.5 6603. .334 .270 .386 1.000 1.000 173.9 50.5 15158. 0.0 7265. .311 .254 .425 1.000 1.000 154.2 55.0 18657. 0.0 0.0 17088. 0. 909. .776 1200. 28.2 .297 .243 .451 1.000 1.000 141.1 59.1 22267. 0.0 0.0 17088. 0. 1024. .785 1400. 29.5 7706. .791 0. 1127. 1600. 30.5 8010. .287 .235 .469 1.000 1.000 132.0 63.1 2 600 6. 0.0 0.0 17088. .281 .229 .481 1.000 1.000 29889. 0.0 17088. 0. 1216. .796 1800. 125.4 66.9 0.0 31.2 8224. 17088. 0. 1291. .801 2000. 31.9 8376. .277 .225 .490 1.000 1.000 120.7 70.7 33933. 0.0 0.0

Example 7.

TARGET='URANUS', LAUNCH=PARK, DEPART=HIGH, DISP=420., ARRIVE=HIGH, ALPHA=10., 20., 30., 40., 50., TIME=1600., 1800., 2000. MODE=ORBIT, BIRD='NO BOOST', RP1=1.10, DSIGMA=.12, RP2=2.0, NA=5, NT=3,

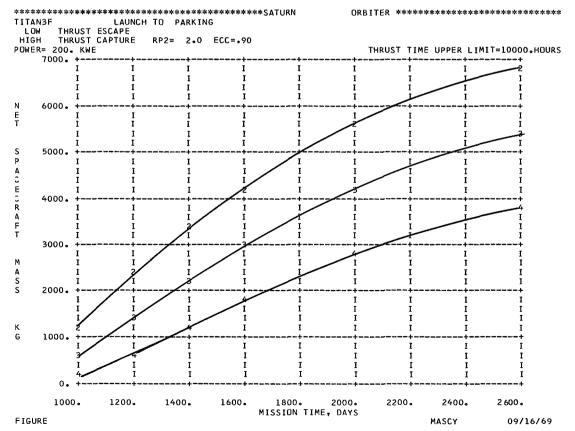
EPST=.9,

					EARTH	TO	URANUS	5	O	RBITER				
					N	O BOOST		LAUNC	H TO	PARKING				
					Đ	EPART	HIGH		ARRIV	E HI	GH			
TIME	ALPHA	PAYLOAD I	MUP MUW	MLE	DEP L	ARR L	PBAR	С	T POW	VINFI	VINF2	TC	TH	ETA
1600. 1600. 1600. 1600. 1800. 1800. 1800.	10.0 20.0 30.0 40.0 50.0	.0478 .5 .0226 .5 .0107 .5 .0048 .5 .1274 .3 .0702 .4 .0400 .5	07 •2604 10 •2854 50 •2990 68 •3127 56 •3282 61 •2473 61 •2753 40 •3082	0.1896 0.1345 0.1026 0.0988 0.3811 0.2460 0.1751	0.392 0.355 0.301 0.238 0.217 0.399 0.369 0.338 0.301	0.820 0.710 0.560 0.439 0.225 0.838 0.773 0.675 0.560	0.0990 0.1059 0.1324 0.1734 0.2949 0.0774 0.0735 0.0833 0.1013	93.0 60.3 47.6 40.7 37.2 101.6 66.5 52.0 44.1	22931. 22931. 22931. 22931. 22931. 25460. 25460. 25460.	1.5 3.0 4.5 6.0 6.5 1.0 2.5 3.5	2.0 4.0 6.0 7.5 10.5 1.5 3.0 4.5 6.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	1600. 1600. 1600. 1600. 1600. 1800. 1800. 1800.	.818 .787 .756 .729 .711 .822 .796 .769
2000. 2000. 2000. 2000. 2000. 2000.	10.0 20.0 30.0 40.0 50.0	.0131 .5 .1475 .3 .0907 .4 .0579 .4 .0374 .5	48 •3211 21 •2328 19 •2708	0.1145 0.4363 0.2975 0.2198 0.1728	0.238 0.403 0.382 0.355 0.320 0.301	0.479 0.838 0.799 0.743 0.675 0.560	0.1170 0.0637 0.0570 0.0591 0.0650 0.0785	39.4 109.6 72.2 56.4 47.6 42.2	27958. 27958. 27958. 27958. 27958. 27958.	0.5 2.0 3.0 4.0 4.5	7.0 1.5 2.5 3.5 4.5 6.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	2000. 2000. 2000. 2000. 2000. 2000.	.723 .824 .803 .779 .757

Example 8.

TARGET= *SATURN * . MODE=ORBIT. LAUNCH=PARK, BIRD= TITAN3F RP1=1.05. DEPART=1 OW ARRIVE=HIGH. EPST=.9. RP2=2.0. ARRIVE=HIGH, TIME=1000., 1200., 1400., 1600., 2000., 2600., ALPHA=20., 30., 40., NA=3, NT=6, TIMEON=10000., POWER=200., NAME='MASCY'. PRINT=GRAPH. YMAX=7000., YMIN=0.0; XMAX=2600., XMIN=1000.,

EARTH TO SATURN ORBITER TITAN3F LAUNCH TO PARKING DEPART LOW ARRIVE HIGH TIME ALPHA PAYLOAD MUP MUW MLE DEPL ARRI POWER С T POW VINE1 VINE2 BOOSTL TC TH ETA .727 1000. 20.0 1284. .582 .234 .167 1.000 0.451 200.0 40.3 15414. 0.0 8.5 17088. 0. 917. .516 .351 .118 1.000 0.278 .450 .468 .068 1.000 0.136 43.4 17088 1000. 30.0 557。 200-0 15536 0.0 11.5 0. 906. .741 159. 200.0 15675. 17088. 0. 893. 1000. 40.0 0.0 14.5 .516 .234 .234 1.000 0.597 .461 .351 .174 1.000 0.451 .407 .468 .113 1.000 0.305 . 756 18319. 18450. 0. 1092. 0. 1080. 1200. 20.0 2391. 200.0 0.0 6.0 17088. .766 1338. 200.0 17088. 1200. 30.0 50.8 0.0 8.5 18598. 17088. 1200. 40.0 586. 200.0 54.6 0.0 11.0 0. 1067. 1400. .455 .234 .297 1.000 0.674 200-0 55.2 21230. 0.0 17088. 0. 1264. 20.0 3417-.413 .351 .224 1.000 0.569 .371 .468 .150 1.000 0.451 21360. 1400. 200.0 58.4 0.0 6.5 17088. 0. 1252. .783 30.0 2173. 21506. 1400. 40.0 1153. 200.0 62.1 0.0 8.5 17088. .793 1600. 20.0 4291 -.393 .234 .361 1.000 0.696 200.0 64.1 24183. 0.0 4.0 17088-0. 1430. .795 .373 .351 .264 1.000 0.650 .333 .468 .189 1.000 0.540 17088. 0.1423. 1600. 30.0 2936-200.0 66.0 24263. 0.0 5.0 1600. 40.0 1740. 200.0 70.3 24438. 0.0 17088. 0. 1407. .801 .810 .319 .234 .438 1.000 0.750 .301 .351 .339 1.000 0.716 .275 .468 .249 1.000 0.650 2000. 20.0 5610. 200.0 80.2 30013. 0.0 2.5 17088 0. 1762. 0. 1753. 17088. 3.5 .812 2000. 30.0 4144. 200.0 82.7 30119. 0.0 200.0 30298. 0.0 17088. 0. 1737. .814 2000-40.0 2761. 87.0 5.0 2600. 200.0 .823 17088. 20.0 105.8 38817. 0.0 1.5 0. 2244. 0. 2232. 200.0 109.1 111.0 38964. 17088. .824 2600. 30.0 0.0 2.5 200.0 39047. 0.0 3.0 17088. 0. 2224. .825 2600 40 0



Example 9.

APPENDIX E - PROGRAM LISTINGS

```
MPXO4F1 MAIN CONTROL PROGRAM FOR QUICKLY ANALYZING LOW THRUST MISSIONS
                                 LOGICAL MODE, FLYBY, ORBIT, ARRIVE, DEPART, HIGH, LOW LOGICAL LAUNCH, ESCAPE, PARK, MATCH, SPHERE, ASYMPT
0001
0002
                                LOGICAL ENERGY, ATOMIC, SOLAR
INTEGER DATA, GRAPH, HELP
DIMENSION BIRD(4), VEHIK(3,13)
DOUBLE PRECISION XLAUNC, ESCAP, PARKIN, RENDEZ
DOUBLE PRECISION XMODE, ORBTR, FLBY, YLEVEL, YHIGH, XLEVEL
DOUBLE PRECISION XHIGH, YLOW, XLOW
DIMENSION TICO), ALPHA(20), THI(2), FTH(2), TTD(2), TTC(2)
DIMENSION FEST(20), POWERH(20), POWER(20)
DIMENSION NSCALE(5), IMAGE(800), DUMMY(1), CHAR(10)
DIMENSION TIME(20)
DIMENSION TIME(20)
DIMENSION VC7(16), PAY7(16), VC(16), PAYUP(16)
DIMENSION VC7(16), PAY7(16), VC(16), PAYUP(16)
DIMENSION BOY(3,3,2)
DATA NAME/*MASCY '/
DATA PLAN/*MERC*, *VENU*, *EART*, *MARS*, *JUPI*, *SATU*,
1 *URAN*, *NEPT*, *PLUT*, *COME*, *EXTR*/
DATA DLANK/* */
DATA DUMMY/*0*/
0003
                                  LOGICAL ENERGY, ATOMIC, SOLAR
0004
0005
0006
0007
0008
0009
0010
0011
0012
0013
0014
0015
0016
 0017
0018
0019
                                  DATA DUMMY/*O*/
0020
                                 0021
0022
0023
                                                                                               'SATU', 'RNV/', 'CENT',
'TITA', 'N3D/', 'AGEN',
                                3
                                                                                                           'ATLA', 'S/AG', 'ENA ',
                                 TITA', NBD/', CENT'/
DATA GRBTR/'ORBITER '/
DATA FLBY/ 'FLYBY '/
DATA RENDEZ/'RENDEZYU'/
0024
0025
 0026
                                 DATA XHIGH/ " HIGH "/
DATA XLOW/ " LOW " /
DATA YHIGH/ " HIGH " /
DATA YHIGH/ " HIGH " /
DATA YESCAP/*ESCAPE*/
0027
0028
0029
 0030
 0031
                                  DATA PARKIN/ PARKING 1/
0032
                                  DATA BIRD/*
 0033
                                  DATA TARGET/*
DATA HOME/'EARTH */
0034
 0035
                                  DATA BIRD/4HNO B,4HOOST/
 0036
                                  CALL DATE(DAT)
 0037
 0038
                                  DATA PAYUP/16*0.0/
                                  DATA DATA,GRAPH,HELP/0,1,2/
ORBIT=.TRUE.
FLYBY=.FALSE.
 0039
 0040
 0041
                                  LOW=.TRUE.
HIGH=.FALSE.
ESCAPE=.TRUE.
 0042
 0043
 0044
 0045
                                  PARK=.FALSE.
                                  ATOMIC=.TRUE.
SOLAR=.FALSE.
 0046
 0047
                                  ENERGY=ATOMIC
 0048
                                  SPHERE=.TRUE.
ASYMPT=.FALSE.
 0049
 0050
                                  MATCH=SPHERE
 0051
                                  ARRIVE=HIGH
 0052
 0053
                                  NPO=0
                                  NGRAIN=0
 0054
 0055
                                  DEPART=HIGH
 0056
                                  LAUNCH=ESCAPE
 0057
                                  MODE=FLYBY
 0058
                                  NBIRD=1
NPLAN2=0
 0059
 0060
                                  RP2=0.0
                                  GMED=39.86E4
 0061
 0062
                                  GE=+00981
 0063
                                  DISP=450.
                                  DINERT=0.0
 0064
 0065
                                  DSIGMA=.137
                                  AISP=300.0
AINERT=0.0
 0066
 0067
 0068
                                  ASIGMA=.10
 0069
                                  TC=8.64E4
                                  RAD=1.0/.01745329
PY=180.0/RAD
 0070
 0071
                                  RGE0=6375.445
 0072
 0073
                                  EPSD=0.0
                                  WPLANT=350.0
 0074
 0075
                                  POWERH(1)=0.0
 0076
                                  POWER(1)=0.0
```

```
0077
                                                                                  ALPHA(1)=1.0
0078
                                                                                  PPK=0.0
                                                                                  WEJECT=0.0
0079
                                                                                   TANK=.03
0080
0081
                                                                                  L=1
                                                                                  EPST(L)=0.0
0082
0083
                                                                                  D=16.0
0084
                                                                                   B=.842
0085
                                                                                  NT=1
                                                                                  NA=1
0086
0087
                                                                                   NET=1
0088
                                                                                   NW=1
0089
                                                                                   NP=1
                                                                                   NC=3
0090
0091
                                                                                   NR=0
 0092
                                                                                   JP=1
0093
                                                                                   AZERO=.5E-6
                                                                                  AFINAL=1.E-6
XMIN = 0.0
0094
0095
 0096
                                                                                   YMIN=0.0
 0097
                                                                                   XMAX=3200.0
0098
                                                                                    YMAX=70E3
                                                                                   NHL=7
                                                                                   NSBH=5
0100
                                                                                   NVL=8
NSBV=10
 0101
 0102
                                                                                   TIMEON=9999999.
 0103
 0104
                                                                                   VA=0-0
 0105
                                                                                   VB=0.0
SKIPA=1.0
 0106
 0107
 0108
                                                                                     SKIPB=1.0
                                                                                   DO 2 MB=1,16
VC(MB)=7.75 + MB*3
DELV1=.5
 0109
 0110
                                                             2
 0111
                                                                                    DEL V2=.5
  0112
  0113
                                                                                    RP1=1.05
                                                                                     IPRINT=0
  0114
  0115
                                                             1
                                                                                     IF(ALPHA(1) .EQ. 0.0) GO TO 5
                                                             WRITE(6,1002)
1002 FORMAT(1H1)
  0117
                                                                                    MPLAN2=NPLAN2
  0118
                                                             5
                                                                                     MBIRD=NBIRD
  0119
                                                                               0120
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ,MODE ,6HFLYBY ,FLYBY ,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     ,6HB ,B ,
,6HAISP ,AISP ,
,6HLAUNCH,LAUNCH,
                                                                                A 6HEPST , EPST , 6HPRINT , IPRINT, 6HNET
B6HDELV1 , DELV1 , 6HDELV2 , DELV2 , 6HDISP
D6HDSIGMA, DSIGMA, 6HASIGMA, ASIGMA, 6HBIRD
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       , NET
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          DISP,BIRD
                                                                                D6HD516ma, D516ma, 6ma) 16ma, 43,516ma, 61012 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,516 7,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             ,6HPAYUP ,PAYUP ,
                                                                             TOTAL PAYER TO THE PROPERT OF THE PR
                                                             IF(ALPHA(1) .EQ. 0.0) GO TO 7
WRITE(6,1001)
1001 FORMAT(1H //)
   0121
   0122
   0123
                                                                                    DO 3 K=1,NT
T(K)=TIME(K)
   0124
   0125
                                                              3
                                                                                      IF(PAYUP(2) .EQ. 0.0) GO TO 8
   0126
                                                                                     DO 4 MB=1,16
VC7(MB)=VC(MB)
   0127
   0129
                                                             4
                                                                                     PAY7 (MB) = PAYUP (MB)
                                                                                     GO TO 11
DO 9 MB=1,16
VC7(MB)=VC(MB)
   0130
                                                               8
    0131
   0132
   0133
                                                                                     PAY7(MB)=PAYUP(1)
CONTINUE
    0134
                                                                                      IF(VA .NE. 0.0) DELV1=0.0

IF(VB .NE. 0.0) DELV2=0.0

CALL PLOT1(NSCALE,NHL,NSBH,NVL,NSBV)
    0135
    0137
                                                                                      CALL PLOT2(IMAGE, XMAX, XMIN, YMAX, YMIN, 800)
    0138
                                                                                       SKIP1=SKIPA
    0139
    0140
                                                                                       SKIP2=SKIPB
    0141
                                                                                      ARRML=1.0
                                                                                      DEPML=1.0
    0142
                                                                                      XMUL=1.0
    0143
    0144
                                                                                      XMUW=0.0
    0145
                                                                                       TIMON=TIMEON/24.
```

```
E-3
                        IF (LAUNCH) DEPART=HIGH
0146
                        XLAUNC=PARKIN
0148
                        IF(LAUNCH) XLAUNC=ESCAP
0149
                        XMODE=FLBY
0150
                        IF (MODE) XMODE=ORBTR
0151
                        YLEVEL=YH1GH
0152
                        IF(DEPART) YLEVEL=YLOW
0153
                        XLEVEL=XHIGH
                        IF(ARRIVE) XLEVEL=XLOW
IF(DEPART) SKIP1=0.0
IF(ARRIVE) SKIP2=0.0
0154
0156
                        DO 10 NPLAN1=1,11
IF (HOME(1).EQ.PLAN(NPLAN1)) GO TO 20
0157
0158
0159
                 10
                        CONTINUE
0160
                        WRITE(6,16)
0161
                 16
                        FORMAT(2X, 32HINPUT PLANET SPELLED INCORRECTLY)
0162
                        GO TO 1
DO 30 NPLAN2=1,11
0163
                 20
                            (TARGET(1).EQ.PLAN(NPLAN2)) GO TO 40
                        CONTINUE
0165
                 30
0166
                        GO TO 15
                 40
                        CONTINUE
0167
0168
                        IF(NPLAN2.EQ.10 .OR. NPLAN2 .EQ. 11) GO TO 41
0169
                        GO TO 42
                        MODE=FLYBY
0170
                 41
                        XMODE=RENDEZ
0172
                 42
                        CONTINUE
                        DO 433 NBIRD=1,13
DO 438 JW=1,3
0173
0174
0175
                        IF(BIRD(JW).NE. VEHIK(JW,NBIRD)) GO TO 433
                       CONTINUE
GO TO 435
0176
                 438
0177
0178
                 433
                       CONTINUE
0179
                        WRITE(6,436)
0180
                 436
                        FORMAT(2X, 34HINPUT BOOST VEHICLE NOT IN STORAGE)
                 GO TO 1
435 IF(MPLAN2.EQ.NPLAN2.AND.MBIRD.EQ.NBIRD.AND.ALPHA(1).EQ..O)GOTO2004
2005 WRITE(6,2000) HOME,TARGET,XMODE
0181
0182
0183
0184
                 2000 FORMAT(1H ,40X,2A4,2X,2HT0,4X,4A4,2X,A8/)
                 WRITE(6,2040) BIRD,XLAUNC
2040 FORMAT(1H ,45%,4A4,2%,12HLAUNCH TO
IF (MODE) GO TO 2002
0185
0186
0187
0188
                        WRITE(6,2001) YLEVEL
                 2001 FORMAT(1H ,50X,6HDEPART,3X,A8/)
GO TO 2011
0189
0190
                 2002 WRITE(6,2003) YLEVEL, XLEVEL
0191
                 2003 FORMAT(1H ,45%,6HDEPART,3X,A8, 8X,6HARRIVE,3X,A8/)
2011 IF(NBIRD.NE.1) GO TO 2030
0192
0193
0194
                        WRITE(6,2009)
                 2009 FORMAT(1H ,4HTIME,3X,5HALPHA,2X,7HPAYLOAD,2X,3HMUP,2X,3HMUW,
13X,3HMLE,3X,5HDEP L,2X,5HARR L,
0195
                       Z3X,4HPBAR,5X,1HC,4X,5HT POW,2X,5HVINF1,2X,5HVINF2,
                        3X,2HTC,4X,2HTH,4X,3HETA/)
GD TO 2004
0196
0197
                  2030 WRITE(6,2031)
                 2031 FORMAT(1H, 4HTIME,2X,5HALPHA,2X,7HPAYLOAD,3X,3HMUP,2X,3HMUW,
12X,3HMLE,2X,4HDEPL,2X,4HARRL,
22X,5HPOWER,5X,1HC,4X,5HT POW,2X,5HVINF1,2X,5HVINF2,2X,6HBOOSTL,
2 3X,2HTC,2X,2HTH,5X,3HETA/)
0198
0199
                 2004 CONTINUE
                    0200
                        K=1
0201
                  2016 JP=1
0202
                 2014 J=1
                 2013 L=1
2015 TOTAL1=0.0
0203
0204
0205
                        PAYSUM=10.0
0206
                        TLV1=0.0
VINF1=VA
0207
                        VINF2=VB
0208
                 VINF2=VB

DMESH=2.0

2012 A2=RP2/(1.0-EPST(L))

A1=RP1/(1.0-EPSD)

IF(DEPART) SKIP1=0.0

IF(ARRIVE) SKIP2=0.0
0209
0210
0211
0212
0213
0214
                  2044 NPASS=0
                 2045 IF(VINF1.LT.0.0) GD TO 726
IF(VINF2.LT.0.0) GD TO 728
2050 IF(MATCH) NPASS=10
CALL DPART (DEPART,HIGH,LOW,DISP,GE,EPSD,RAD
1RGEO,GMEO,RP1,DEPM1.PP,Q1,XJDBAR,DM,TDBAR,A1,VINF1.B,
0215
0216
0218
                                                  (DEPART, HIGH, LOW, DISP, GE, EPSD, RAD, DSIGMA,
                        LAUNCH, NBIRD, BOOSTL, VC7, PAY7, DINERT)
IF (MODE) GO TO 203
0219
0220
                  202 CALL FLYBUY
                                                        (NPLAN2, THBAR, THPBAR, PTK,
                          HA, HB, HC, VINF1, DELV1, ANGLE, GMEO, AZERO, VASS1, SKIP1, NPASS, ENERGY)
                       1
0221
                        02=1.0
```

```
E-4
0222
0223
                        CM=0.0
                        TCBAR=0.0
0224
0225
                        XJCBAR=0.0
0226
                        GO TO 114
                      CALL ORBITR (NPLAN2, THBAR, THPBAR, PTK, GM, RG, 1 HA, HB, HC, VINF1, VINF2, DELV1, DELV2, AZERO, AFINAL, VASS1, VASS2, 25K1P1, SK1P2, NPASS, GMEO, ENERGY)
0227
                 203 CALL ORBITR
0228
                                              (ARRIVE, NPLAN2,
                 3333 CALL ARRIV
                                                                             P,Q,Q1,Q2,TCBAR,
                      1 XJCBAR, CM, GM, EPST, TLTSI, AISP, GE, 2 ASIGMA, RP2, A2, ARRML, VINF2, L, RG, B)
                 114 AZUSED=AZERO
0229
                        AFUSED=AFINAL
0230
0231
                        IF(IPRINT .EQ. 2) GO TO 113
                 GO TO 112
113 WRITE(6,9998) NPASS, VINF1, VINF2, TOTALL, BOOSTL, ALPHA(J), ARRML, 1 XMUL, VASS1, VASS2, AZERO, AFINAL
0232
0233
0234
                 9998 FORMAT(2X,12,2X,2F5.2,2X,2F10.4,2X,1F4.1,2X,2F7.5,2X,2F8.5,2X,
                 0235
                   0236
0237
0238
0239
0240
0241
                                                                                 MINIMUM J OPTIMIZATION
0242
                 115 THI(1)=0.45*T(K)
0243
                        PART2=Q1*DM*XJDBAR
                 PART3=Q2*CM*XJCBAR
PART6=1.0/(1.0-DM)
PART7=1.0/(1.0-CM)

116 D0 120 N=1,2
IF(THI(N) .LE. 0.0) G0 T0 716
PART1=EXP(HA)*THI(N)**(HB+HC*ALOG(THI(N))-1.0)
0244
0245
0246
0247
0248
0249
                        PART4=2.0*HC*ALOG(THI(N))
0250
0251
                        PART5=1.0/((PART4+HB)*PART1)
                        TTD(N)=P*ABS(PART2*PART5)**PART6
TTC(N)=Q*ABS(PART3*PART5)**PART7
FTH(N) = T(K) - TTD(N) - TTC(N)
THI(2) = FTH(1)
0252
0253
0254
0255
                 120 CONTINUE
IF (P.EQ.O.O.AND.Q.EQ.O.O) GO TO 128
0256
0257
                        IF (THI(2).EQ.THI(1)) GO TO 129

EMM = (FTH(2) - FTH(1)) / (THI(2) - THI(1))
0258
0259
                        TH = (FTH(1) - EMM*THI(1)) / (1. - EMM)
0260
0261
                        TH=ABS(TH)
0262
                        IF(ABS(1.-(TH/THI(1)))-.0001) 124,124,122
0263
                 122 CONTINUE
                        THI(1)=TH
GO TO 116
0264
0265
                 128 THI(2)=T(K)
0266
0267
               129
C **
                       TH=THI(2)
                    ***********
                                                                                 COMPUTATION TD, TC, TH, TP
0268
                 124 \text{ TD} = \text{TTD}(2)
                        TCAP=TTC(2)
0269
                        VARYJ=.0001667*(ALPHA(J) - 5.0)
IF(SKIP .EQ. 0.0) VARYJ=0.0
XJH=EXP(HA+HB*ALOG(TH)+HC*ALOG(TH)*ALOG(TH))
0270
0272
0273
                        XJH=XJH*(1.0 + XJH*VARYJ)
THP=THPBAR*(TH/THBAR)**PTK
0274
                        THP=THP*(1.0 + XJH*VARYJ)**(1/3)
TP= TD + THP + TCAP
0275
0276
0277
                        XJD = 0.
                       IF(P.EQ.O.O) GO TO 130
XJD=XJDBAR*((TD/TDBAR)**DM)
0278
0279
                       XJC=0.
0280
0281
                 IF(Q.EQ.0.0) GO TO 135
134 IF(TCAP .LE. 0.0) GO TO 133
0282
                        XJC=XJCBAR*((TCAP/TCBAR)**CM)
0283
                 GO TO 135
133 TCAP=0.0
0284
0285
0286
                        XJC=0.0
                 135
                    5 XJMIN = XJD + XJH + XJC
0287
                                                                                 SYSTEM ANALYSIS
                 136 GAMMA = SQRT(ALPHA(J)*XJMIN / 2000.)
0288
                        GAMMA_EGAMMA GAMMA
Z=B*(1.0 + TANK) + (GAMMA2*D*D)/(.0864*XJMIN*TP)
IF((GAMMA/(Z**0.5)).eT-1.0) GO TO 648
XMU1 = 1. - GAMMA / (Z**0.5)
C=SQRT(0.0864*XJMIN*TP/GAMMA2*Z*XMU1)
0289
0290
0291
0292
0293
                        XMUW=2.0*GAMMA/B*Z**.5 - GAMMA*(1.0+TANK)/Z**.5 - GAMMA2/B
0294
0295
                        ETA=8/(1.0 + (D/C)**2)
0296
                        AZERO=2.E-3*XMUW*ETA/(ALPHA(J)*C)
0297
                        AFINAL=AZERO/XMU1
0298
                        TERMA= 1.0-AZERO*TP*8.64E4/C
```

```
E-5
                         IF(TERMA .LE. 0.0) GO TO 648
TERMB=(1.0-SQRT(TERMA))**2
0300
                         TERMC=AZERO*(T(K)-TP)*(RT/C)*ALOG(TERMA)*8.64E4
0301
                         CL=(C*C/AZERO)*(TERMB-TERMC)
AOPT=AZERO
0302
0303
0304
                         CLOPT=CL
0305
                         TOPT=TP
                         IF(POWERH(1) .NE. 0.0 .AND. PPK .EQ. 0.0) GO TO 137 IF(NPASS.LE.2) GO TO 2050
0306
0307
0308
                         XMUL = 1. - 2.*GAMMA*(Z**0.5)/B + (GAMMA2/B)
GD TD 651
0309
                  648 IF(P .EQ. 1.0) GO TO 650
TOTALL=.00001 + .00001*(VINF1 + VINF2)
0310
0311
0312
                         GO TO 630
                    0313
                  137 WPLANT
                                      =ALPHA(J)*POWERH(JP)
                         XMUM=WPLANT /((BOOSTL-WE)

IF(XMUW .GT. 1.0) GO TO 712

GAMMA2=ALPHA(J)*XJMIN/2000.

CCA=.5 + .5*GAMMA2/(B*XMUW)
0314
                                             /((BOOSTL-WEJECT)*DEPML)
0315
0316
0317
0318
0319
0320
                  501 CCB=B*B*XJMIN*TP*.08 64*XMUW*XMUW/(GAMMA2*GAMMA2)
MT=MT + 1
                         CCD=D*D/(CCA*CCA*CCB)
0321
                          IF(CCD.GT.1.0) GO TO 648
0322
                         CSQUA =CCA*CCB*(1.0 + SQRT(1.0-CCD))
IF(CSQUA.LT.(D*D)) GO TO 648
CSQUAR=CSQUA-(D*D)
0323
0324
0325
0326
                          C=SQRT(CSQUAR)
                         ETA=B/(1.0 + (D/C)**2)
AZERO=2.E-3*XMUW*ETA/(ALPHA(J)*C)
CL=CLOPT*(.9 + .1*(AOPT/AZERO))
0327
0328
0329
                  505 TERMA= 1.0-AZERO*TP*8.64E4/C
0330
                         IF(TERMA .LE. 0.0) GD TO 648
IF(TP.EQ.T(K)) GD TO 516
0331
0332
                          TERMB=(1.0-SQRT(TERMA))**2
0333
                         TERME-C1.0-SQR((TERMA))**8.64E4/SQRT(TERMA)
TERME-C*(1.0-SQRT(TERMA))*8.64E4/SQRT(TERMA)
TERMO=ALOG(TERMA) + (T(K)-TP)*AZERO*8.64E4/(C*TERMA)
TERMD=TERME-TERMG*RT*C*8.64E4
TERMH=(T(K)-TP)*ALOG(TERMA)
0335
0336
0337
0338
                          TERMF=CL-(C*C/AZERO)*TERMB + TERMH*RT*C*8.64E4
0339
0340
                         TP1=TP - TERMF/TERMD
IF(SKIP .EQ. 0.0) GO TO 650
0341
0342
                         IF(ABS(1.-TP1/TP) .LE. .001) GO TO 510
                         IF(TP .GT. T(K)) TP=T(K)
GO TO 505
0343
0344
0345
                  510 IF(MT .GT. 1) GO TO 515
                         TP=TP1
0346
                         GO TO 501
0347
                  515 ETA= B / (1. + (D/C)**2)
AZERO=2.E-3*XMUW*ETA/(ALPHA(J)*C)
0348
0349
0350
                          AFP=AZERO
0351
                          TERMA= 1.0-AZERO*TP*8.64E4/C
IF(TERMA .LE. 0.0) GO TO 648
TERMB=(1.0-SQRT(TERMA))**2
0352
0353
0354
0355
                          TERMC=AZERO*(T(K)-TP)*(RT/C)*ALOG(TERMA)*8.64E4
0356
0357
                         AFINAL=AZERO/TERMA
CL=(C*C/AZERO)*(TERMB-TERMC)
0358
                         CLFP=CL
0359
0360
                          IF(TIMON .LE. TP) GO TO 520
0361
                  516 IF(NPASS.LE.2) GO TO 2050
0362
                          60 TO 650
                      *****
                                          0363
                  520 MTT=0
0364
0365
                          C=C*TIMON/TP
                         ETA=B/(1. + (D/C)**2)
AZERO=2.E-3*XMUW*ETA/(ALPHA(J)*C)
                 521
0366
0367
                         CL=CLFP*(.85 + .15*(AFP/AZERO)*(TIMON/TPFP))
0368
                          TP=TIMON
0369
                  525 MTT=MTT + 1
0370
                          CC2=C
0371
0372
                          MTTT=0
                  530 MTTT=MTTT + 1

ETA=B/(1. + (D/C)**2)

535 CD=C*C + D*D
0373
0374
                          ZA=2.E-3*XMUW*B/ALPHA(J)
0375
                          TERMM=1.0 - TP*ZA*8.64E4/CD
IF(TERMM .LE. 0.0) GO TO 648
0376
0377
0378
                          TERMR=(1. - SQRT(TERMM))**2
0379
0380
                         FOFC=CL - CD*C*TERMR/ZA + RT*8.64E4*C*(T(K)-TP)*ALOG(TERMM)
TERMN=-(3.0*C*C + D*D)*TERMR/ZA
TERMD=-2.*C*C*TP*8.64E4*(1.0-1.0/SQRT(TERMM))/CD
TERMS=C*C*8.64E4*TP*2.0*ZA/(TERMM*CD*CD)
0381
```

```
TERMQ=ALOG(TERMM) + TERMS
TERMP=RT*8.64E4*(T(K)-TP)*TERMQ
0383
                                                                                E-6
0384
                           FDOTC=TERMN + TERMP + TERMP

CC1=C - FOFC/FDOTC

IF(ABS(1. - CC1/C) .LE. .001) GO TO 540
0385
0386
0387
0388
                           C=CC1
                           IF(C .LT. D) GO TO 648
GO TO 530
0389
0390
0391
                   540
                           C = CC.1
                            ETA=B/(1. + (D/C)**2)
                           ABEFOR=AZERO
0393
                           AZERO=2.E-3*XMUW*ETA/(ALPHA(J)*C)
CL=CLFP*(.85 + .15*(AFP/AZERO)*(TIMON/TPFP))
IF(ABS(1.-AZERO/ABEFOR) .LE. .001) GO TO 555
0394
0395
0396
0397
                           GO TO 525
                           GU TO 525
ETA=8/(1. + (D/C)**2)
AZERO=2.E-3*XMUW*ETA/(ALPHA(J)*C)
CL=CL=P*(.85 + .15*(AFP/AZERO)*(TIMON/TPFP))
XMUI=1. - AZERO*TP*8.64E4/C
IF(XMUI .LE. XMUW) GO TO 648
AFINAL=AZERO/XMUI
JE(NDAS) 15 20 CO TO 2050
                    555
0398
0399
0400
0401
0402
0403
                           IF(NPASS .LE. 2) GO TO 2050
GO TO 650
0404
0405
                      ************
                                                                                                 SYSTEM PARAMETERS
                           ETA = B / (1. + (D/C)**2)

XMU1=1. - AZERO*TP*8.64E4/C

XMUL=XMU1*(1.0+ TANK) - XMUW - TANK

ETA = B / (1. + (D/C)**2)

XMUP=1.0 - XMU1
0406
                   650
0407
0408
0409
0410
                    651
0411
                           XMUT=TANK*XMUP
0412
                           TOTALL=DEPML*ARRML*(BOOSTL-WEJECT)*XMUL-AINERT
                           IF(TOTALL.LE.O.O) TOTALL=.00001 + .00001*(VINF1 + VINF2)
IF(XMUL.LT. 0.0) GO TO 630
PBAR=XMUW*DEPML*(BOOSTL-WEJECT)/(ALPHA(J)*TOTALL)
0413
0414
0415
                           POWERR=PBAR*TOTALL
0416
                           IF(PPK.EQ.0.0) GO TO 630
ALPHAC=WPLANT *PDWERR**PPK
IF(ABS(1.0-ALPHA(J)/ALPHAC)-.000100) 630,630,629
0417
0418
                   628
0420
                   629
                           ALPHA(J)=ALPHAC
                  0421
                                                                                        HYPERBOLIC VELOCITY OPTIMIZATION
                        O IF(P.EQ.1.0.AND.Q.EQ.1.0) GO TO 700 CARD 630 SCREENS FOR ORBITER LOW-LOW
0422
                   630
                      31 IF(MODE) GO TO 610
CARD 631 SCREENS FOR ORBITERS
0423
                   631
                          IF(P.EQ.1.0) GO TO 700
CARD 632 SCREENS FOR FLYBY LOW DEPART
IF(ABS(1.0-TOTAL1/TOTALL).LE..00002) GO TO 660
0424
                   632
0425
                            IF(TOTALL-TOTAL1) 602,660,600
0426
                           TOTAL1=TOTALL
VINF1=VINF1+DELV1*DMESH
0427
0428
                           AZ=AZUSED
0429
0430
                           AF=AFUSED
0431
                            ALPHAX=ALPHA(J)
0432
                           GO TO 2050
VINF1=VINF1-DELV1*DMESH
0433
                   602
0434
                            AZERO=AZ
                           AFINAL=AF
0435
0436
                            IF(PPK .NE. O.O) ALPHA(J)=ALPHAX
                           NPASS=2
0437
                            GO TO 2045
0438
0439
                    610
                          IF(P.EQ.O.O.AND.Q.EQ.1.0) GO TO 605
CARD 610 SCREENS FOR ORBITER HIGH-LOW
                          IF(P.EQ.O.O.AND.Q.EQ.O.O) GO TO 615
CARD 611 SCREENS FOR ORBITER HIGH-HIGH
IF(ABS(1.O-TOTAL1/TOTALL).LE..00002) GD TO 660
0440
                    611
                  С
0441
0442
                            IF(TOTALL-TOTAL1) 613,660,614
                          CARD 612 HANDLES ORBITER LOW-HIGH
TOTAL1=TOTALL
                  C
                    614
0443
0444
                            VINF2=VINF2+DELV2*DMESH
                            AZ=AZUSED
0445
0446
                            AF=AFUSED
0447
                            ALPHAX=ALPHA(J)
0448
                            GO TO 2050
0449
                    613
                            VINF2=VINF2-DELV2*DMESH
0450
0451
                            AFINAL = AF
                            AZERO=AZ
0452
                            IF(PPK .NE. 0.0) ALPHA(J)=ALPHAX
0453
                            NPASS=2
0454
                            GD TD 2045
                           IF(XMUL *LT* 0.0) GO TO 621
IF(ABS(1.0-TLV1/TOTALL )*LE**00002)GO TO 619
0455
0456
                          IF(TOTALL-TLV1) 618,619,620

CARD 615 IS FOR ORBITER HIGH-HIGH FOR FIXED VINF2

VINF1=VINF1 + DELV1*DMESH
0457
                  C
0458
                    620
                            TLV1=TOTALL
0459
```

```
AZ=AZUSED
0460
                        AF=AFUSED
0461
0462
                        ALPHAX=ALPHA(J)
                        GO TO 2050
VINF1=VINF1-DELV1*DMESH
0463
                 618
0464
                        AZERO=AZ
0465
0466
                        AFINAL=AF
                        IF(PPK .NE. 0.0) ALPHA(J)=ALPHAX
0467
0468
                        NPASS=2
                        GO TO 2045
IF(ABS(1.0-TOTAL1/TOTALL).LE..00002)GO TO 660
0469
0470
                      IF(TOTALL-TOTAL1) 622,660,621
CARD 619 IS FOR ORBITER HIGH-HIGH WITH VARIATION ON VINF2
TOTAL1=TOTALL
0471
0472
                  621
0473
                        VINF1A=VINF1
                        VINF2A=VINF2
0474
0475
                        AZ2=AZ
0476
                        AF2=AF
                        ALPHAY=ALPHA(J)
VINF1=VINF1A-2.0*DELV1*DMESH
IF(VINF1.LE.VA) VINF1=VA
0477
0478
0479
0480
                        VINF2=VINF2 + DELV2*DMESH
0481
                        AZERO=AZ
                        AFTNAL =AF
0482
                        TLV1=0.0
0483
0484
                        GD TO 2044
0485
                        TLV1=TOTAL1
                        VINF1=VINF1A
VINF2=VINF2A
0486
0487
                        AZERO=AZ2
0488
                        AFINAL=AF2
0489
                         IF(PPK .NE. 0.0) ALPHA(J)=ALPHAY
0490
0491
                        NPASS=2
0492
                        GO TO 2045
0493
                        IF(DMESH.EQ.1.0) GO TO 700
0494
                        DMESH=1.0
                         TI V1=0.0
0495
                        TOTAL 1=0.0
VINF1=VINF1-DELV1
0496
0497
0498
0499
                        IF(VINF1.LE.VA) VINF1=VA
VINF2=VINF2-DELV2
                         IF(VINF2.LE.VB) VINF2=VB
0500
0501
                        GO TO 2044
0502
                        POWERH(1)=POWERR
0503
                         POWER (1)=1.0
0504
                        GO TO 2015
                        TOTALL=DEPML*ARRML*(BOOSTL-WEJECT)*XMUL-AINERT
0505
                  690
                     BALLISTIC SYSTEM PRINTOUT
0506
                        WRITE(6,689) T(K), TOTALL, DEPML, ARRML, VINF1, VINF2, BOOSTL
                        FORMAT(1H , F5.0, 7X, F10.3, 15X, F5.3, 1X, F5.3, 25X, F4.1, 3X, F4.1, 2X, F7.0
0507
0508
                        PAYSUM=10.0
                        PAYSUM=10.0
GO TO 805
IF(XMUL.LT. 0.0) GO TO 730
IF(VINF1.EQ.0.0) VINF1=0.0
IF(VINF2.EQ.0.0) VINF2=0.0
IF(POWERH(1).EQ.0.0.AND.PPK.EQ.0.0.AND.TIMON.LE.TP) GO TO 670
IF(POWER(1) .EQ. 1.0) POWERH(1)=0.0
0509
0510
0511
0512
0513
0514
0515
                         TP=TP#24.0
0516
                         TOTALL=DEPML*ARRML*(BOOSTL-WEJECT)*XMUL-AINERT
0517
                  691
                    Pl IF(BOOSTL.NE.l.O) GO TO 693
                                                                                                               PRINT OUT
0518
                        WRITE(6, 692)T(K), ALPHA(J), TOTALL, XMUP, XMUW, XMUL, DEPML, ARRML,
                       1PBAR, C, TP, VINF1, VINF2, TCAP, TH, ETA
                       FORMAT(1H ,F5.0,2X,F5.1,2X,F5.4,2X,F4.3,1X,F5.4,1X,F6.4,2X,F5.3,
12X,F5.3,2X,F6.4,2X,F5.1,2X,F6.0,2X,F4.1,2X,F4.1,2X,
0519
                       2F5.1,1X,F5.0,2X,F4.3)
0520
                        GO TO 695
                       WRITE(6, 694)T(K),ALPHA(J),TOTALL,XMUP,XMUW,XMUL,DEPML,ARRML,
1POWER,C,TP,VINF1,VINF2,BOOSTL,TCAP,TH,ETA
FORMAT(1H,F5.0,1X,F5.1,1X,F7.0,2X,F4.3,1X,F4.3,1X,F4.3,1X,F5.3,
11X,F5.3,2X,F6.1,2X,F5.1,2X,F6.0,2X,F4.1,2X,F4.1,2X,F7.0,2X,
0521
0522
                       2F4.0,1X,F5.0,2X,F4.3)
0523
                  695
                        IPC=ALPHA(J)/10.0+.05
BCD=CHAR(IPC)
0524
0525
                         NDATA=1
                         TPLOT=T(K)
TLPLOT=TOTALL
0526
0527
                         CALL PLOT3 (BCD, TPLOT, TLPLOT, NDATA)
0528
0529
                        L=L + 1
0530
                         IF(L.GT.NET) GO TO 801
0531
                        GO TO 2015
                        PAYSUM=-1.0
0532
                  800
0533
                  801
0534
                  804
                         IF(PPK .NE. 0.0) GO TO 807
0535
                         J=J+1
```

```
IF(J.GT.NA) GO TO 802
0536
                       IF(ALPHA(J).GT.ALPHA(J-1).AND.PAYSUM.LT.0.0) GO TO 802
0537
0538
                       GO TO 2013
0539
                 802
                       J=1
0540
                 806
                       JP=JP + 1
0541
                       IF(JP.GT.NP) GO TO 803
0542
0543
                       IF(POWERH(JP) .GT. POWERH(JP-1) .AND. XMUW .GT.1.0) GO TO 803
                       GD TO 2014
                       JP=1
0544
                 803
                       K=K + 1

IF(PPK .NE. 0.0) ALPHA(1)=1.0

IF(K.GT.NT) GO TO 808

IF(K.GT.NT) GO TO 808
                 807
0546
0547
                        IF(T(K).LT.T(K-1).AND.PAYSUM.LT.0.0) GO TO 808
0548
0549
                        WRITE(6,809)
0550
                 809
                       FORMAT(1H )
                       GO TO 2016
0551
0552
                 808
                       PAYSUM=10.0
IF(IPRINT.EQ.1) GO TO 302
0553
0554
                        GO TO 1
0555
0556
                 302
                       WRITE(6,300) TARGET, XMODE
                       FORMAT(1H1,45('*'),4A4,A8,30('*'))
WRITE(6,305)BIRD,XLAUNC
0557
0558
                 300
                 304
0559
                 305
                        FORMAT(1X,4A4,2X,11HLAUNCH TO ,A8)
                       IF(LAUNCH) GO TO 318
WRITE(6,306) YLEVEL
FORMAT(1X,A8,13HTHRUST ESCAPE)
0560
0561
                 306
0562
                       IF(.NOT.MODE) GO TO 320
WRITE(6,308) XLEVEL,RP2,EPST(L)
0563
                 307
                        FORMAT(1X,A8,14HTHRUST CAPTURE,3X,4HRP2=,F5.1,2X,4HECC=,F3.2)
IF(PK.NE.0.0) GO TO 311
0564
0565
                 308
0566
                 310
0567
                        IF(POWERH(1).EQ.0.0) GO TO 313
                       HIF(TIMON .LE. TP) GO TO 324
WRITE(6,323) POWERH(JP)
FORMAT(1X,6HPOWER=,F5.0,1X,3HKWE,65X,19HOPTIMUM THRUST TIME)
0568
0569
                 323
0570
0571
                        GO TO 317
                        WRITE(6,315) POWERH(JP),TIMEON
                       FORMAT(1X,6HPOWER=,F5.0,1X,3HKWE,49X,24HTHRUST TIME UPPER LIMIT=, 1F6.0, 5HHOURS)
GO TO 317
0573
0574
                        WRITE(6,319)
0575
                       FORMAT()
0576
                  319
0577
                        GO TO 307
0578
                       WRITE(6,319)
GO TO 310
                 320
0579
                  311 PPKDIF = 1.0 + PPK
WRITE(6,312) WPLANT, PPKDIF
0580
0581
0582
                 312 FORMAT(1X,11HPLANT MASS=, F5.0,8H*POWER**, F3.2)
0583
                        GO TO 317
0584
                        WRITE(6,314)
                        FORMAT(1X,13HOPTIMUM POWER,67X,19HOPTIMUM THRUST TIME)
CALL PLOT4(31,31H NET SPACECRAFT MASS KG)
0585
                       CALL PLOT4(31,31H NET SPACEC
WRITE(6,301)
FORMAT(45X,18HMISSION TIME, DAYS)
0586
                 317
0587
0588
                 301
                        WRITE(6,322) NAME,DAT
FORMAT(1x,6HFIGURE,69x,3A4,2x,2A4)
GO TO 1
0589
0590
0591
0592
                        WRITE(6,713)
                        FORMAT(2X,21HXMUW GREATER THAN 1.0)
GO TO 806
0593
                  713
0594
                       WRITE(6,717)
FORMAT(2X,38HTHI(N) LESS THAN 0.0,CHECK TIME INPUTS)
GO TO 805
0595
0596
                 717
0597
0598
                       WRITE(6,719)
FORMAT(2X,23HBOOSTL LESS THAN WEJECT)
0599
                  719
0600
                        GO TO 800
                       WRITE(6,721)
FORMAT(2X,14HNEGATIVE DEPML)
0601
                  720
0602
                  721
0603
                        GO TO 800
0604
                  722
                        WRITE(6,723)
                       FORMAT(2X,14HNEGATIVE ARRML)
GO TO 800
0605
                  723
0606
0607
                        WRITE(6,725)
0608
                 725
                       FORMAT(2X, 15HNEGATIVE BOOSTL)
0609
                       GO TO 800
WRITE(6,727)
0610
                 726
0611
                        FORMAT(2X, 19HVINF1 LESS THAN 0.0)
0612
                        GO TO 805
                  728
0613
                        WRITE(6,729)
0614
                        FORMAT(2X,19HVINF2 LESS THAN 0.0)
                  729
0615
                        GO TO 805
                       WRITE(6,731)
FORMAT(2X,13HNEGATIVE XMUL)
0616
                  730
0617
0618
                        GO TO 800
0619
                        END
```

```
DEPART E-9
                                 C
                                                       MPX04F5
                                              SUBROUTINE DPART (DEPART, HIGH, LOW, DISP, GE, EPSD, RAD, DSIGMA, 1RGEO, GMEO, RP1, DEPML, P, Q1, XJDBAR, DM, TDBAR, A1, VINF1, B, 2 LAUNCH, NBIRD, BOOSTL, VC7, PAY7, DINERT)
DIMENSION SIS4V(16), T3FCP(16), T3FCV(16), T3FV(16), T3FP(16)
DIMENSION SVP(16), SVV(16), SIS4CP(16), SIS4CV(16), SIS4CP(16)
0001
0002
0003
0004
                                                  DIMENSION PAY7(16), VC7(16)
                                                  DIMENSION SVCV(16), SVCP(16), SICV(16), SICP(16), T3DAV(16)
DIMENSION T3DAP(16), ACV(16), ACP(16), AAV(16), AAP(16)
0005
0006
                                               DIMENSION T3DAP(16), ACV(16), ACP(16), AAV(16), AAP(16)
DIMENSION T3DCV(16), T3DCP(16)

DATA SVV/7.0, 7.75, 9.0, 10.0, 11.0, 12.0, 13.0, 14.0, 15.0, 15.5,
1 16.0, 16.2, 16.3, 16.4, 16.8, 30.0

DATA SVP /152000., 120000., 82000., 60000., 43000., 30500.,
1 21000., 12800., 6900., 4000., 1300., 400., 130.,30., 0., 0. /
DATA SIS4CV/7.,7.75,9., 10., 11., 12., 13., 14., 15., 16., 17.,
1 18., 19., 20., 21., 30. /
DATA SIS4CP/89000., 67000., 46000., 32000., 22800., 16000.,
1 11700., 8200., 5800., 4000., 2700., 1700., 890., 370.,100.,0. /
DATA SIS4V/7.775.9., 10., 11., 11.5, 12., 12.5, 12.8, 13.,
0007
0008
0009
0010
0011
                                                DATA SIS4V/7.,7.75, 9., 10., 11., 11.5, 12., 12.5, 12.8, 13., 1 13.2, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6, 13.8, 30. / DATA SIS4P/80000., 62000., 41000., 27500., 16600., 12300.,
0012
0013
                                                  0014
0015
                                               DATA 13FCP/30000., 23000., 15000., 10800., 7700., 5300., 3600., 12300., 1380., 990., 680., 375., 200., 90., 0., 0., /
DATA T3FV/7., 7.75, 9., 10., 11., 11.5, 12., 12., 12.4, 12.6, 12.8, 13., 13.1, 13.2, 13.4, 30.6 /
DATA T3FP/ 25000., 18000., 10200., 6300., 3350., 2300., 1500., 1200., 900., 630., 370., 150., 70., 20., 0.0, 0. /
DATA SVCV / 7.0, 7.75, 9.0, 10., 12., 14., 16., 18., 20., 21., 12., 22.5, 23., 23.25, 24., 30.0/
DATA SVCP / 152000.0, 120000.0, 82000.0, 62000.0, 34000.0, 18000... 9300... 4500... 2100... 1300... 600... 340... 125... 50...0.
 0016
 0017
 0018
 0019
                                               DATA SVCP / 152000.0, 120000.0, 82000.0, 62000.0, 34000.0,

1 18000., 9300., 4500., 2100., 1300., 600., 340., 125., 50.,0.,0./

DATA SICV / 7.0, 7.75, 9.0, 10., 11., 12., 13., 13.5, 14., 14.5,

1 15., 15.8, 16.4, 17., 17.2, 30.0 /

DATA SICP / 32200., 24000., 15000., 10440., 7080., 4760.0,

1 3130., 2450., 1910., 1408., 1044., 454., 136., 10., 0.0, 0.0/

DATA T3DAV / 7.0, 7.75, 9., 10., 11., 12., 12.5, 13., 13.5, 14.,

1 14.4, 14.8, 15.2, 15.6, 16., 30. /

DATA T3DAP / 15880., 12100., 7530., 4950., 3040., 1838., 1360.,

1 1042., 741., 499., 317., 186., 95.4, 45.4, 0.0, 0.0/
 0020
 0021
 0022
 0023
                                                 DATA T3DAP / 15880., 12100., 7530., 4950., 3040., 1838., 1360., 1 1042., 741., 499., 317., 186., 95.4, 45.4, 0.0, 0.0/ DATA ACV /7.0, 7.75, 9.0, 10., 10.5, 11., 11.4, 11.8, 12.2, 1 12.4, 12.6, 12.8, 13., 13.3, 14., 30.0/ DATA ACP / 7260., 5360., 3250., 2130., 1680., 1295., 1000., 1 749., 450., 330., 220., 118., 45., 10., 0.0, 0.0/ DATA AAV / 7.0, 7.75, 9., 10., 10.4, 10.8, 11.2, 11.6, 1 12., 12.2, 12.4, 12.6, 12.8, 13., 14., 30.0/ DATA AAP / 5000., 3600., 2000., 1160., 910., 700., 530., 380., 1 250., 192., 140., 80., 36., 17., 0.0,0.0/ DATA T3DCV / 7.0, 7.75, 9.0, 10.0, 11., 12.0, 13.0, 14., 1 14.5, 15.0, 15.5, 16.0, 16.42, 17.0, 18.0, 30.0/ DATA T3DCP / 21600.0, 17000.0, 11000., 7800., 5500., 3800., 1 2500., 1520., 1140., 790., 460., 240., 100., 50., 0.0, 0.0 / LOGICAL DEPART, HIGH, LOW
 0024
 0025
 0026
 0027
 0028
 0029
  0030
 0031
                                                   LOGICAL LAUNCH, ESCAPE, PARK
 0032
                                                   B00STL=1.0
  0033
                                                    D1=0.0
  0034
                                                   IF(LAUNCH) GO TO 820
                                                  GO TO 821
VBOOST=SQRT(VINF1*VINF1 + 120.1)
  0035
  0036
                                      820
  0037
                                                   GO TO 800
                                                  E100=(RP1*6375. - 6560.)/(RP1 * 6375. + 6560.)
A100 =(RP1*6375. + 6560.)/2.0
BIRDV1=SORT(GMEO*(1.+E100)/((1.-E100)*A100))-7.75
  0038
  0039
  0040
 0041
                                                   BIRDV2=SORT(GMEO*(1.+EPSD)/((1.-EPSD)*A1*RGED))
                                                                      -SQRT(GMEO*(1.-E100)/((1.+E100)*A100))
                                                   VBOOST=7.75 + BIRDV1 + BIRDV2
  0042
 0043
                                                   GO TO 800
GO TO (801,802,803,804,805,806,807,808,809,810,811,812,813),NBIRD
  001-4
                                                   BGOSTL=1.0
  0045
  0046
                                                    VBOOST=7.75
  0047
                                                    GO TO 841
                                                   CALL TAINT(SVV ,SVP
  0048
                                      802
                                                                                                                       , VBOOST, BOOSTL, 16, 2, NERR1, D1)
  0049
                                                    GO TO 841
  0050
                                      803
                                                   CALL TAINT(SIS4CV, SIS4CP, VBOOST, BOOSTL, 16, 2, NERRI, D1)
  0051
                                                    GO TO 841
                                                   CALL TAINT(SIS4V ,SIS4P ,VBOOST,BOGSTL,16,2,NERR1,D1)
                                      804
  0052
  0053
                                                    GO TO 841
  0054
                                      805
                                                   CALL TAINT(T3FCV ,T3FCP ,VBOOST,BOOSTL,16,2,NERR1,D1)
  0055
                                                    GO TO 841
                                                   CALL TAINT(T3FV ,T3FP ,VBOOST,BOOSTL,16,2,NERR1,D1)
  0057
  0058
                                      807
                                                  CALL TAINT(VC7, PAY7, VBOOST, BOOSTL, 16, 2, NERR1, D1)
```

```
GO TO 841
CALL TAINT( SVCV , SVCP ,VBOOST,BOOSTL,16,2,NERR1,D1)
GO TO 841
0059
                808
0060
0061
0062
                809
                      CALL TAINT(SICV , SICP , VBOOST, BOOSTL, 16, 2, NERR1, D1)
0063
                       GO TO 841
                      CALL TAINT( T3DAV, T3DAP , VBOOST, BOOSTL, 16, 2, NERR1, D1)
0064
                810
                       GO TO 841
0065
0066
                      CALL TAINT(
                                         ACV,
                                                  ACP, VBOOST, BOOSTL, 16, 2, NERR1, D1)
                      GO TO 841
CALL TAINT(
GO TO 841
0067
                812
                                         AAV.
                                                 AAP, VBOOST, BOOSTL, 16, 2, NERR1, D1)
0068
0069
0070
                813
                       CALL TAINT(T3DCV,T3DCP ,VBOOST,BOOSTL,16,2,NERR1,D1)
0071
0072
                       GO TO 841
                       IF(LAUNCH) GO TO 505
                841
0073
                       GO TO 504
                       IF(DEPART) GO TO 503
0074
                504
                       GD TD 501
0075
                501
                      CONTINUE
0076
0077
                       TLTSI=0.0
0078
                       VJET=DISP*GE
                       EPS=EPSD
TLTSR=TLTSI/RAD
0079
0080
                       VINF=VINF1
0081
                       SIGMA=DSIGMA
0082
0083
                       RD=RGEO
0084
                       GP=GMED
                      GP=GMEU
AS=RP1/(1.-EPS)
PS=AS*RD*(1.-EPS*EPS)
RLTS=PS/(1.+EPS*CDS(TLTSR))
VSU=SQRT((GP/(AS*RD))*(1.+2.*EPS*CDS(TLTSR)+EPS*EPS)/(1.-EPS*EPS))
DVI=SQRT((VINF**2)+(2.*GP/(RLTS)))-VSU
BMFST=EXP((-DVI)/VJET)
BMFST=EXP((-DVI)/VJET)
0085
0086
0087
0088
0089
0090
                       BPROP=(1.+SIGMA)*BMFST-SIGMA -DINERT/BOOSTL
DEPML=BPROP
0091
0092
0093
                       P=0.0
0094
                       Q1=1.0
0095
                       XJDBAR=0.0
0096
                       DM=0.0
0097
                       TDBAR=0.0
                      GO TO 596
C=100.0
0098
0099
                503
                       D=20.0
0100
                       TC=8.64E4
0101
0102
                       TDBAR=30.
0103
                       TDBAR=TDBAR*TC
0104
                       T=200.0*TC
0105
0106
                       GP=GMEO
                       EPS=EPSD
0107
                       RD≖RGEO
0108
                       A1=RP1/(1.-EPS)
0109
                       AD=A1*RD
0110
                       VC=SQRT(GP/(A1*RD))
                  U1=.9
430 IF(U1.GT.1.0) U1=.999999
0112
                       P1=1.84*VC*((AD*AD*C/(GP*TDBAR))**.25)/C
P2=(1.0/U1-1.0)**.25
0113
0114
0115
                       P3=(1.0/U1-1.0)**.75
0116
                       FU=ALOG(U1)+VC/C-(P1)*P2
                       FUDOT=1.0/U1+P1/(P3*U1*U1*4.0)
U2=U1-FU/FUDOT
0117
0118
0119
                       ETA=1./(1.+(D/C) ++2)
                       UALPHA=(1.0-U2)*1000.*C*C/(2.*ETA*TDBAR)
IF(ABS(1.-(U1/U2))-.0001) 431,431,432
0120
0121
0122
                  432 U1=U2
                       GO TO 430
0123
0124
                 431
                       XJDBAR=2.0*ETA*UALPHA*1000.*(1.-U2)/U2
0125
                       U1=•9
0126
0127
                 230
                       IF(U1.GT.1.0) U1=.999999
                       P1=1.84*VC*((AD*AD*C/(GP*T))**.25)/C
0128
                       P2=(1.0/U1-1.0)**.25
0129
0130
                       P3=(1.0/U1-1.0)**.75
FU=ALOG(U1)+VC/C-(P1)*P2
                       FUDDT=1.0/U1+P1/(P3*U1*U1*4.0)
U2=U1-FU/FUDOT
ETA=1./(1.+(D/C)**2)
0131
0132
0133
0134
                       UALPHA=(1.0-U2)*1000.*C*C/(2.*ETA*T)
0135
                        IF(ABS(1.-(U1/U2))-.0001) 231,231,232
0136
                  232 U1=U2
0137
0138
                  GO TO 230
231 XJ=2.0*ETA*UALPHA*1000.*(1.-U2)/U2
0139
                       DM=(ALOG(XJDBAR/XJ))/(ALOG(TDBAR/T))
0140
                       IF(DM .LT.0.0) GO TO 240
                       DM=0.0
0141
                        XJDBAR=0.0
0142
0143
                       TDBAR=TDBAR/TC
                 240
0144
                       P=1.0
0145
                        Q1=TDBAR**(-DM)
0146
                       CONTINUE
0147
                 596
                       RETURN
                        END
0148
```

```
E-11
              C
                       MPX04F4
                                                    FLYBY
                      SUBROUTINE FLYBUY
                        UBROUTINE FLYBUY (NPLAN2,THBAR,THPBAR,PTK,
HA,HB,HC,VINF1,DELV1,ANGLE,GMEO,AZERO,VASS1,SKIP1,NPASS,ENERGY)
0001
0002
                      LOGICAL ENERGY, ATOMIC, SOLAR
0003
0004
                      C1=0.0
C3=0.0
0005
                      VASS1=VINF1
NPASS=NPASS + 1
0006
0007
8000
                      IF(SKIP1.EQ.0.0) GO TO 202
IF(NPASS .GE. 10) GO TO 195
0009
              C
                     ******* ASYMPTOTIC MATCHING
                      XASS1=VINF1*VINF1*.25/SQRT(GMEO*AZERO)
GOFX1=2.0*(XASS1+.651630)*(XASS1+4.113609)*(XASS1+1.214342)/(
(XASS1+4.169068)*(XASS1+1.303312)*(SQRT(XASS1+1.0)))
0010
0011
0012
                201
                      VASS1=GOFX1*(GMEO*AZERO)**.25
                      GO TO (301,302,303,304,305,306,307,308,309,310,311),NPLAN2
VASS1=SQRT(VINF1*VINF1 + 2.0*GMED/(145.0000*6375.0))
0013
                202
0014
                      *******
                                                               SPHERE OF INFLUENCE MATCHING
0015
                      GO TO 202
                      THBAR=70.0
0016
                301
               C MERCURY
0017
                      HA=56.365662
0018
                      HB=-20.123871
0019
                      HC≃1.848905
0020
                      DELV1=0.0
                      THPBAR=43.796
0021
                      PTK=1.291965
0022
0023
                      GO TO 500
                      THBAR=50.0
0024
                302
                  VENUS
0025
                      HA=42.662186
                      HB=-15.007878
HC=1.328273
0026
0027
                      DELV1=0.0
0028
0029
                      THPBAR=27.5
                      PTK=1.0
GO TO 500
0030
0031
               C EARTH
0032
                303 GO TO 1
               C MARS
0033
                304 GO TO 1
305 THBAR=300.0
0034
               C JUPITER
0035
                      HA=56.788559
                      HB=-15.133818
0036
0037
                      HC=1.030477
                      C1=-.002046
C3=1.505424
0038
0039
0040
                      THPBAR=150.89
0041
                      PTK=1.056036
GO TO 500
0042
                      THBAR=600.0
0043
                306
                  SATURN
                      HA=54.259232
0044
                      HB=-13.236733
0045
0046
                      HC=.827999
0047
                      C1=-.001736
0048
                      C3=1.368783
0049
                       THPBAR=321.034
0050
                      PTK=.887848
0051
                      GO TO 500
0052
                307
                      THBAR=600.0
                  UR ANUS
0053
                      HA=40.394104
0054
                      HB=-8.366853
0055
                      HC=.438166
                      C1=-.001075
C3=1.439463
0056
0057
0058
                       THPBAR=329.991
0059
                       PTK=.907105
                      GO TO 500
THBAR=1500.
0060
0061
                308
                  NEPTUNE
                      HA=44.884598
HB=-8.931028
HC=.445309
0062
0063
0064
0065
                      C1=-.000705
                      C3=1.512190
0066
                      PTK=1.274
0067
                       THPBAR=786.
0068
0069
                      GO TO 500
                  PLUTO
                309 GO TO 1
0070
```

```
E-12
                310 THBAR=500.0
C HALLEY'S COMET RENDEZVOUS
0071
0072
                       HA=-51.464508
0073
                       HB=18.605637
                       HC=-1.553296
0074
0075
                       C1=-.001243
0076
                       C3=.993871
0077
                       PTK=1.0
                       THPBAR=450.0
0078
                       GO TO 500
0079
0080
                311
                       DIHI=2.0*57.29578*ARSIN(VASS1/59.54)
                  EXTRA-ECLIPTIC RENDEZVOUS
IF(DIHI .GT. ANGLE) DIHI=ANGLE
DILO=ANGLE-DIHI
0081
0082
0083
                       VINC=DILO/10.0
                       IF(.NOT. ENERGY) GO TO 411
THBAR=400.0
0084
0085
0086
                       THPBAR=372.
0087
                       PTK=1.
HA=.338472
8800
0089
                       HB=2.247731
                      HC=-.41
C1=.0713
0090
0091
0092
                       C3=.335
0093
0094
                       FACTOR=C1*VINC**C3
GO TO 501
0095
                411
                      HA=5.0
                      HB=-1.004368
HC=-.000119
C1=2.315532
0096
0097
0098
0099
                       C3=.443572
0100
                       THPBAR=180.+DILO
0101
0102
                       THBAR=300.0
                       PTK=1.0
0103
                       HA=HA+C1*VINC**C3
0104
                       GO TO 502
                      WRITE(6,100)
FORMAT(1H ,22HPLANET DATA NOT STORED)
FACTOR=C1*VASS1**C3
0105
                100
0106
0107
                500
                 501
                       HC=HC+FACTOR
0108
                502
0109
                       RETURN
0110
                       END
                        MPX04F2
                                                  ORBITER
              C
              C
                        UBROUTINE ORBITR (NPLAN2, THBAR, THPBAR, PTK, GM, RG, HA,HB,HC,VINF1,VINF2,DELV1,DELV2,AZERO,AFINAL,VASS1,VASS2,
                      SUBROUTINE ORBITR
0001
                     2SKIP1, SKIP2, NPASS, GMED, ENERGY)
0002
                      LOGICAL ENERGY, ATOMIC, SOLAR
                      D1=0.0
                      C1=0.0
0004
0005
                      C2=0.0
0006
                      C3=0.0
0007
                      C4=0.0
8000
                203
                      GB TO (401,402,403,404,405,406,407,408,409),NPLAN2
0009
                401
                      THBAR=80.
               С
                  MERCURY
                      HA=37.226028
0010
                      HB=-11.546978
0011
                      HC=.971943
0012
                      DELV1=0.0
DELV2=0.0
0013
0014
0015
                      THP8AR=56.161
0016
                      PTK=1.156017
0017
                      GM=2.18E4
                      RSPHER=46.
0018
                      RG=2420.
0020
                       GO TO 500
0021
                402 THI
                      THBAR=100.0
0022
                      HA=42.995316
0023
                       HB=-14.002761
0024
0025
                      HC=1.163274
DELV1=0.0
0026
                      DELV2=0.0
0027
                       THPBAR=60.
                      PTK=1.0
0028
                       GM=3.2485E5
0029
0030
                       RSPHER=101.
0031
                       RG=6.05E3
0032
                      GO TO 500
                  EARTH
               C
                403 GD TO 1
0033
                  MARS
                404 GD TO 1
0034
```

```
0035
               405 THBAR=400.0
                 JUPITER
0036
                    HA=56.546051
                    HB=-13.704782
HC=.843276
0037
0038
                    C1=-.0017318
C3=1.258404
0039
0040
0041
                    THPBAR=257.175
0042
                    PTK=.895741
                    RG=7.14E4
0043
0044
                    RSPHER=674
0045
                    GM=1.2671E8
0046
                    GO TO 500
                    THBAR=700.
0047
               406
             C SATURN
0048
                    HA=46.593872
0049
                    HB=-9.870175
0050
                    HC=.525386
                    C1=-.001485
C3=1.145093
0051
0052
0053
                     THPBAR=437.583
0054
                     PTK=.908804
0055
                     RG=6.04E4
0056
                     RSPHER=905.
0057
                    GM=3.792E7
GO TO 500
0058
                    THBAR=1200.
0059
               407
              C
                 URANUS
                     THPBAR=740.
0060
0061
                     PTK=.88825
0062
                     HA=52.340347
0063
                     HB=-10.660658
0064
                     HC=.549718
                    C1=-.001056
C3=1.056167
0065
0066
                     RG=2.35E4
0067
0068
                     RSPHER=2210.
                     GM=5.788E6
0069
0070
                     GO TO 500
                     THBAR=2000.
0071
               408
              C
                 NEPTUNE
                    HA=58.582687
HB=-11.742033
0072
0073
                     HC=.598062
C1=-.000748
0074
0075
0076
                     C3=1.123747
0077
                     THPBAR=1220.
0078
                     PTK=.748
0079
                     RG=2.23E4
0080
                     RSPHER=3900.
0081
                     GM=6.8E6
0082
                     GO TO 500
                 PLUTO
              С
0083
               409
                    GO TO 1
0084
                     WRITE(6,100)
                     FORMAT(2H + 22HPLANET DATA NOT STORED)
VASS1=VINF1
0085
               100
0086
               500
                     VASS2=VINF2
0087
0088
                     NPASS=NPASS + 1
                     IF(SKIP1.EQ.0.0) GO TO 499
IF(NPASS .GE. 10) GO TO 195
0089
0090
              C
                  **********
                                                                       ASYMPTOTIC MATCHING
0091
                     XASS1=VINF1*VINF1*.25/SQRT(GMEO*AZERO)
                    GOFX1=2.0*(XASS1+.651630)*(XASS1+4.113609)*(XASS1+1.214342)/(
1 (XASS1+4.169068)*(XASS1+1.303312)*(SQRT(XASS1+1.0)})
VASS1=GOFX1*(GMEO*AZERO)**.25
0092
0093
                     IF(SKIP2.EQ.0.0) GO TO 501
IF(NPASS .GE. 10) GO TO 196
XASS2=VINF2*VINF2*.25/SQRT(GM*AFINAL)
0094
0095
0096
0097
                     GOFX2=2.0*(XASS2+.651630)*(XASS2+4.113609)*(XASS2+1.214342)/(
                         (XASS2+4.169068)*(XASS2+1.303312)*(SQRT(XASS2+1.0)))
0098
                     GO TO 198
               0099
0100
                     GO TO 499
0101
               196
                     VASS2=SQRT(VINF2*VINF2 + 2.0*GM/(RSPHER *RG))
                     GO TO 501
0102
                     VASS2=GOFX2*(GM*AFINAL)**.25
0103
               198
                     FACTOR=C1*(VASS1 + VASS2)**C3
0104
0105
                     HC=HC+FACTOR
                     RETURN
0106
0107
                     END
```

```
E-14
                                                           ARRIVE
                            MPX04F3
                 000
                       SUBROUTINE ARRIV (ARRIVE, NPLAN2, P,Q,Q1,01 XJCBAR, CM, GM, EPST, TLTSI, AISP, GE, 2 ASIGMA,RP2,A2,ARRML,VINF2,L,RG,B) LOGICAL MODE,FLYBY,ORBIT,ARRIVE,DEPART,HIGH,LOW DIMENSION EPST(20)
0001
                                                                                 P,Q,Q1,Q2,TCBAR,
0002
0003
                         RAD=1.0/.01745329
IF (ARRIVE) GO TO 100
GO TO 200
0004
0005
0006
                         C=100.0
0007
                  1.00
                         D=20.0
TC=8.64E4
8000
0009
0010
                         TCBAR=30.0
0011
                         TCBAR=TCBAR*TC
                         T=200.0*TC
EPS=EPST(L)
0012
0013
0014
0015
                         GP=GM
                         A2=RP2/(1.-EPS)
0016
                         AD=A2*RG
                         VC=SQRT(GP/(A2*RG))
0017
0018
                    430 IF(U1.GT.1.0) U1=.999999
                         P1=1.84*VC*((AD*AD*C/(GP*TCBAR))**.25)/C
P2=(1.0-U1)**.25
0020
0021
0022
                         P3=(1.0-U1)**.75
0023
                         FU=ALOG(U1)+VC/C-(P1)*P2
FUDOT=1.0/U1+P1/(P3*U1*U1*4.0)
0024
                         U2=U1-FU/FUDOT
0025
0026
                          ETA=1./(1.+(D/C)**2)
                         UALPHA=(1.0-U2)*1000.*C*C/(2.*ETA*TCBAR)
IF(ABS(1.-(U1/U2))-.0001) 431,431,432
0027
0028
                    432 U1=U2
0029
0030
                         GO TO 430
0031
                  431
                         IF(U2 .GE. 1.0) U2=.999998
                          XJCBAR=2.0*ETA*UALPHA*1000.*(1.-U2)/U2
0032
0033
                         IF(U1.GT.1.0) U1=.999999
0034
                         P1=1.84*VC*((AD*AD*C/(GP*T))**.25)/C
P2=(1.0-U1)**.25
P3=(1.0-U1)**.75
0035
0036
0037
                          FU=ALOG(U1)+VC/C-(P1)*P2
0038
0039
                         FUDOT=1.0/U1+P1/(P3*U1*U1*4.0)
U2=U1+FU/FUDOT
0040
0041
                          ETA=1./(1.+(D/C)**2)
0042
                          UALPHA=(1.0-U2)*1000.*C*C/(2.*ETA*T)
0043
                          IF(ABS(1.-(U1/U2))-.0001) 231,231,232
0044
                    232 U1=U2
                          GD TO 230
0045
 0046
                         IF(U2 .GE. 1.0) U2=.999999
XJ=2.0*ETA*UALPHA*1000.*(1.-U2)/U2
0047
0048
                          CM=(ALOG(XJCBAR/XJ))/(ALOG(TCBAR/T))
                         IF(CM .LT.0.0) GO TO 240
CM=0.0
 0049
 0050
0051
                         XJCBAR=1.0
TCBAR=TCBAR/TC
0052
                   240
0053
                          Q=1.0
                   500
 0054
                          Q2=TCBAR**(-CM)
0055
                          GO TO 114
0056
                   200
                         Q2=1.0
0057
                         Q=0.
CM=0.0
 0058
0059
                          TCBAR=0.0
0060
                         XJCBAR=0.0
GP=GM
 0061
0062
                          EPS=EPST(L)
0063
                         TLTSI=0.0
VJET=AISP*GE
 0064
0065
                          TLTSR=TLTSI/RAD
0066
                          VINF=VINF2
                         VINT=VINT2
SIGMA=ASIGMA
AS=RP2/(1.-EPS)
PS=AS*RG*(1.-EPS*EPS)
RLTS=PS/(1.+EPS*COS(TLTSR))
0067
0068
0069
0070
0071
                         VSU=SQRT((GP/(A5*RG))*(1.+2.*EPS*COS(TLTSR)+EPS*EPS)/(1.-EPS*EPS))
DVI=SQRT((VINF**2)+(2.*GP/(RLTS)))-VSU
BMFST=EXP((-DVI)/VJET)
 0072
 0073
 0074
                          BPROP=(1.+SIGMA)*BMFST-SIGMA
 0075
                          ARRML=BPROP
0076
                          GO TO 114
 0077
                          WRITE(6,221)
                   19
 0078
                          FORMAT(1H , 22HPLANET DATA NOT STORED)
 0079
                          RETURN
```

0080

END

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